FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.



Fort Almanac—July 11.

Sun Rises	4.52 A M
Sun Sets	7.18 P M
Day's Length	14 h 26 m
High Water at Southport	8 12 P M
High Water at Wilmington	9.55 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., July 11.

Meteorological data for yesterday:
Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°; 8 p. m., 79°; maximum, 86°; minimum, 74°; mean, 80°;
Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall for the month up to date, 2.19.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

The rainfall in the Wilmington district of the cotton belt, in the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday, was as follows: At Wilmington, .88; Goldsboro, .13; Greensboro, .18; Weldon, .42; Newbern, .01; Cheraw, .20; Florence, .35.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Showers Saturday; clearing in the afternoon or night; probably fair and warmer Sunday and Monday; southerly winds.

OUTLINES.

Immediately after the opening of the fourth day's session of the Democratic Covention the call of the roll on the nomination of a candidate for President commenced; when New Jersey and New York were called the delegates from those States refused to vote; on the first ballot Bland received 223, and Bryan 105; when the fifth ballot began it was evident that Bryan would secure votes on this ballot sufficient to elect him and the States began changing to him; after Texas had cast her vote for him a motion to make the vote unanimous was adopted; before the result of the fifth ballot was announced a note from Mr. Bland was read in which he requested his name to be withdrawn whenever a majority of the silver delegates expressed their preference for another; when the announcement of the nomination was made the delegates and the audience began to cheer and to wave hats and flags and banners and a march around the hall began, a band of music heading the procession; a conference on the Vice Presdential nomination was held last night, but no decision was reached as to who should be nominated. —— The U. S. Commissioner at Philadelphia has decided that no case has been made out against Major John D. Hart, of the Hart Steamship Line, charged with aiding in a Cuban filibustering expedition. —— The gold reserve has fallen below the $100,000,000 limit, standing at $99,171,518 at the close of business yesterday. ——Hon. Frank H. Hurd, ex-Congressman, died in Toledo, Ohio. —— Mrs. Bryan, who was in the gallery when her husband was nominated, was surrounded by friends and heartily congratulated. —— J. T. Hill, of Cordale, Georgia, is credited with securing the vote of the Georgia delegation for Bryan. ——Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered at 2 per cent. cotton dull; middling gulf 7 11-16 cts.; middling uplands 7 7-16c; Southern flour quoted unsettled; common to fair extra $3.10@3.70, good to choice $3.70@3.00; wheat—spot dull, easier and closing steady; No. 2 red July 61½c; corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 32½c at elevator and 33½c afloat; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 24¾@25½c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 60@1 62½.

There is a good deal of talk about the "plain people" these days. What the plain people want is plain talk, and then honestly carrying it out.

It is said Denver, Colorado, is a paradise for the bicycle man, as it has the best streets in America, with the possible exception of Washington, for the wheeler.

Jerry Simpson gave the denizens of Fort Dodge, Iowa, $200 worth of patriotism on the Fourth of July. Jerry never dodges when summoned to the front on such terms.

The taxable valuation of real and personal property in the city of Philadelphia foots up $801,028,552, as compared with $782,677,694 for last year, a gain of $18,350,858.

It is said that Candidate Hobart is the poorest stump speaker in New Jersey. But that need not trouble him. Mr. Hanna will do the talking for him and McKinley too.

When Mr. Harrity said he was a Democrat first, and a sound money man second, the gold men didn't like it. It was the "second" installment of the remark which they objected to.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 94. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,929

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Bicycle riders who have a weakness for "scorching" should be sure that they have their machinery in good running order. One of them in Chicago the other day who didn't give this matter due consideration tumbled off his bicycle and when picked up he was dead from a ruptured blood vessel in the brain.

House builders are learning to utilize space in Atlanta. A permit has recently been given for the construction of a ten-story building which will extend over the sidewalks, the part of the building above the walks being supported by pillars.

The largest farm in this country, if not in the world, is in Louisiana, and is owned by a Northern syndicate. It is one hundred miles long and twenty-five wide. It cost $50,000 to fence in the 1,600,000 acres, which are divided up into ranches.

A Doctor in Switzerland contends that the bacilli of tubercolosis are carried by flies not only on their bodies, but on their feet. This will not make the fly any more companionable to the bald-headed man.

The sugar crop of Cuba, for this year now harvested, amounts to 200,000 tons, worth $10,000,000, against former crops of 1,100,000 tons, worth $50,000,000. It costs sugar to keep up the racket over there.

Mrs. Flemming, who was tried in New York on a charge of poisoning her mother, felt so grateful to her lawyer for her defence and her acquittal that she paid him $20,000, $5,000 more than agreed upon.

Webster, Mass., is proud of a young female jumbo, who although only 13 years of age, weighs 330 pounds, and still keeps on adding to her heftiness as if she enjoyed that kind of amusement.

If, as reported by a press dispatch from Canton, Ohio, Mr. McKinley was accompanied to church last Sunday by half a hundred newspaper men he must have a strong pull on the Faberites.

New York proposes to eclipse Chicago's sky-scrapers with a building 386 feet high, with twenty-nine stories, twenty-six in the main building and three in the towers.

The Yale boat crew was beaten at Henley, England. The East is in bad luck this year. It was turned down, also, at Chicago.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S W SANDERS—N C hams.

C W POLVOGT & CO—Specials this week.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

C D JACOBS—Wanted.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

—Dr. W. A. Oliver, of Nichols, S. C., is in the city.

— Mr. F. N. Pinner, of Southport, was visiting friends in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. D. Ward, of Newbern, and Mr. R. Allen, of Goldsboro, are in the city, on business.

— Messrs. Robt. W. Vincent and Luther B. Herring leave this morning to visit friends at Southport.

— Mr. E. C. Johnston, of Washington, D. C., is in the city, visiting his family, who have been summering with Mrs. P. M. Humphreys.

— Messrs. W. C. Douglass, Carthage; Jno. H. Simpson, C. B. Cresland South Carolina; W. T. Caho, Newbern; S. H. Cotton, Hope Mills, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— The STAR regrets to learn that Mr. Jno. L. Wescott, of Southport, is seriously sick at his residence there. His son, Mr. R. M. Wescott, and granddaughter, Miss Pearl, are at his bedside.

State Firemen's Association.

Chief of Fire Department Martin Newman has received notification from Mr. J. W. Griffith, secretary of the State Firemen's Association, that arrangements for the annual convention and tournament at Salisbury in August next are about completed. Railroad companies will make reduced rates and all apparatus and horses will be transported free of charge. The fare from Wilmington to Salisbury and return will be $8.05.

CONVENTION DATES.

Populist National Convention, St. Louis, July 22.

Silver National Convention, St. Louis, July 22.

Democratic Congressional Convention 6th District—Rockingham, August 2th.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Good-bye, McKinley; farewell, Russell; ta-ta, Pritchard.

— Bryan is a silver tongued orator "by a large majority."

—The vote of North Carolina was cast solidly for Bryan on every ballot.

— Billy Bryan and Cy. Watson. "Hang our banners on the outer walls."

— The Young Democracy are on top. Wm. J. Bryan is only 36 years old.

— The nominations at Chicago are enthusiastically received in Wilmington.

— The "Boy Orator of the Platte" "got there," and his name is Billy Bryan.

— The result at Chicago saves North Carolina from Republican rule and ruin.

— William Jennings Bryan is the name of the Democrat who will be the next President of the United States.

— Now let our County Executive Committee make arrangements for a great big ratification meeting. Invite Watson and Mason at once.

— The original Bryan man is to be found on every street corner. He greets every passer-by pleasantly and smilingly says, "I told you so."

— Wm. J. Bryan is the youngest man ever nominated for President of the United States. He has been of eligible age (35) only one year and three months.

— The regular services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. A. D. McClure. Seamen and river men are specially invited. All welcome.

— The announcement of Lawyer Peele, of Raleigh, who has been a leading Populist, and who is a man of ability, that he will support the Democratic Presidential ticket, is but "the beginning of the end."

— There will be no regular service at the First Presbyterian church tomorrow morning, but there will be prayer meeting conducted by one of the elders in Anniversary Hall, at 11 o'clock. There will be no service at night.

— By special request, Rev. A. D. McClure will repeat in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church to-morrow night, at 8.15 o'clock, a sermon he preached last Winter on David and Jonathan. Odd Fellows will be specially interested.

— The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Co. will sell round trip tickets to Fayetteville on account of the meeting of the N. C. Grape Growers and Liquor Dealers Association, August 17. Rate from Wilmington, $4.05; Maxton, $2 00; Sanford, $2.00.

—The management of the Wilmington Base Ball Club is in correspondence with Fayetteville, Wilson and Florence, to get up a series of games for next week or week after next. Several excursions will arrive which will afford the visiting teams low rates.

—The STAR is informed that the Seaboard Air Line has been selected as the official route to St. Louis on account of the National Peoples Party Convention and American Silver Convention, and that all arrangements have been made for running cars and sleepers through to St. Louis. Rate from Wilmington $28.25.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—5 casks spirits turpentine, 8 bbls tar, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—13 casks spirits turpentine, 152 bbls rosin, 53 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—1 bale cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 89 bbls rosin, 23 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—38 casks spirits turpentine, 19 bbls rosin.

Steamer D Murchison—46 casks spirits turpentine, 356 bbls rosin, 31 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer E A Hawes—7 casks spirits turpentine, 56 bbls rosin, 17 bbls tar, 1 bbl crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—9 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 13 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 10 bales; spirits turpentine, 151 casks; rosin, 672 bbls; tar, 131 bbls; crude turpentine, 37 bbls.

The Cape Fear Freshet.

The government report of the stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville yesterday at 8 a. m., was 47.5 feet and still rising.

The *Observer* of yesterday reports 56.5 feet at 8 a. m.; that Col. Cook had received a telegram advising him to look out for a big freshet in the Cape Fear; that a portion of the C. F. & Y. V. track between Cumnock and Gulf is covered with ten inches of water; Deep river is up to the cross-ties fo railroad bridges.

Dr. Strange at Wrightsville.

Rev. Robert Strange will conduct the service and preach at Lebanon chapel, Wrightsville Sound, at eleven o'clock Sunday morning, and in the pavilion on the beach (Brown's old restaurant) at six o'clock Sunday afternoon.

The public is cordially invited.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

THE GRAPE INDUSTRY

DEVELOPED INTO A LARGE AND PROFITABLE BUSINESS.

The Crop Two Weeks Early—Shipments Already Made—The Alliance Shoe Factory at Hillsboro—Populist Talk About Fusion with Republicans.

[*Special Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 10.

The grape industry in this section has developed into a large and profitable business during the past few years Shipments are already being made from Southern Pines and Moore county to Northern markets. Raleigh and vicinity will begin to ship in another week. The crop this year is two weeks early. Last year the crop was not ready for market until the first of August, but it was one of the largest and best crops ever known. The crop report issued by the Agricultural Department a few weeks ago stated that the crop would be 95 per cent. Mr. Whiting, a leading shipper here, tells me that it will be only a two-thirds crop. Rot has done vineyards great damage. The Delaware is the principal variety of grape shipped North.

Chief of Police Heartt, who was taken suddenly ill with an attack of heart failure, is much better to day and hopes to be out shortly.

The stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad met in Greensboro yesterday. All the old directors were re-elected.

Mr. Mewborne told me this morning that the Alliance shoe factory at Hillsboro would turn out its first pair of shoes in about two weeks. The product of the factory will be from 800 to 600 per day. Mr. Mewborne says that all kinds and grades of shoes will be turned out from toot-hpick toes to brogans. The Alliance factory is the second largest shoe factory in the South, being next in capacity to the one in Richmond, Va.

The State Alliance meets in Hillsboro August 11th, and the factory will be in full blast while the Alliance is there.

Mr. Bocket, of Alexandria, Va., will manage the factory.

State Senator Mewborne (Populist) is strongly in favor of fusion. In fact, he is opposed to Butler and most of the other leaders in regard to the policy of fusion. Mr. Mewborne says the matter will be brought up at the Populist State Convention here. There is no doubt that a strong effort will be made then by Mewborne and his followers to get in line with the Republicans.

Mr. Mewborne says he favors fusion as in '94, and he does not think that the Republicans should be required to sign the silver pledge. He thinks Mr. Pritchard and his Republican friends should be allowed to vote for McKinley and gold if they want to. He says that wherever the Executive Committee of the Republican and Populist parties in the various counties are meeting they are going ahead and arranging fusion. Mr. Mewborne said that he believed a large majority of the counties would fuse as in 1894.

FAT VERSUS LEAN MEN.

An Amusing Game of Base Ball at Hilton Park—Benefit of the Shelter of the Silver Cross.

It was not the Orioles and the Giants who crossed bats at Hilton Park yesterday afternoon, but "very near it." During the entire game mirth reigned supreme. The crowd, though not large, made up in applause (of good plays) what it lacked in numbers.

Umpire W. F. Robertson's familiar cry of "play ball" at 4.30 o'clock announced to the awaiting crowd that the great game was on. Monroe and Cowan did the battery work for the "Lean Men" and Schutte and Collins for the "Fat Men." The players for the "Lean Men" were, Wm. Monroe, catch; Jas. Cowan, pitch; W. W. Sprinkle, 1st base; John F. McNair, 2nd base; O. Hicks, 3rd base; Walter Bergen, short stop; Henry Nash, left field; Louis Weil, center field; W. R. Morrison, right field. For the "Fat Men," Geo. Schutte, catch; W. Collins, pitch; Robert Wallace, first base; J. A. Arringdale, second base; T. W. Clawson and John H. Sweeney, third base; R. M. Croom, short stop; Jas. W. Woolvin, left field; Starr Johnson, center field and R. H. Pickett, right field.

The "Lean Men" went to the bat first, while the "Fat Men" took the field. In the first inning both sides scored goose eggs. In the second the "Lean Men" batted out two runs, while the "Fatties" returned the compliment by batting out one. In the fourth, Croom, the "Fatties" little short stop, batted out a base hit. The Leans looked gloomy, while Croom wabbled to first, with the crowd yelling "Slide, Kelly, slide!" Croom stole second, but time had to be called, as he had "disabled" his wind. Third baseman Clawson gallantly took his place and bravely carried himself across the "rubber," thereby adding another run to the score.

At the end of the ninth inning Umpire Robertson called the game on account of darkness; the score being, "Lean Men," 13; "Fat Men," 8. And the "band played on."

FAT MEN.	A.B	R	B H	P.O.	A.	E.
Wallace, 1b	5	1	1	1	1	1
Pickett, rf	5	1	1	1	1	2
Croom, ss	5	1	1	1	2	1
Arrringdale, 2b	5	1	1	4	4	0
Clawson, 3b	5	1	1	6	2	2
Schutte, c	5	1	1	8	4	0
Collins, p	5	1	1	1	0	0
Johnson, cf	4	0	1	7	0	3
Woolvin, lf	4	1	1	2	2	3
Totals	43	8	9	26	16	12

LEAN MEN.	A B	R	B H	P. O.	A.	E.
Nash, lf	6	2	2	1	0	1
Bergen, ss	6	1	3	7	2	3
Monroe, c	6	3	4	6	3	0
Weil, cf	6	1	2	1	2	2
Sprinkle, 1b	6	2	1	3	0	1
Hicks, 3b	5	1	1	2	2	0
McNair, 2b	5	1	2	1	1	0
Morrison, rf	5	1	2	4	1	1
Cowan, p	4	3	2	2	3	0
Totals	50	13	19	27	14	7

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Lean Men	0	2	0	3	2	0	4	2	0	—13
Fat Men	0	1	0	1	2	0	2	0	2	— 8

SUMMARY.

Earned runs, Lean Men 6, Fat Men 3, 3 base hits Monroe, Schutte, 2 base hits Sprinkle, Hicks, Sweeney, Arringdale. Double plays, Croom to Hicks, Croom to Collins. Time of game, two hours; umpire, W. F. Robertson.

FOR PRESIDENT,



WILLIAM J. BRYAN,

OF NEBRASKA.

THE NEXT PRESIDENT.

Brief Sketch of William Jennings Bryan, Democratic Nominee for President.

The Congressional Directory of 1893 gives the following sketch of Wm. J. Bryan, now Democratic nominee for President of the United States:

William Jennings Bryan, of Lincoln, was born in Salem, Marion county, Illinois, March 19, 1860; attended public school until fifteen years of age, spending his vacations on the farm; in the fall of 1875 entered Whipple Academy, at Jacksonville, Illinois; entered Illinois College, Jacksonville, in 1877; completed a classical course and was graduated with the highest honors in 1881; attended Union College of Law, Chicago, Illinois, for two years, during which time he was connected with the office of ex-Senator Lyman Trumbull; began the practice of his profession at Jacksonville; removed to Lincoln, Nebraska, October 1, 1877, and became a member of the firm of Talbot & Bryan; never held an elective office prior to his election to Congress; was elected to the Fifty second and re-elected to the Fifty-third Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,784 votes, against 13,644 votes for R. W. Maxwell, Populist, and 2,409 votes for Jerome Shamp, Independent.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice July 10, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

A—Mrs Lucilla Adams. B—Miss Minnie Brenning, Miss Lizzie Benneman, Miss Adear Breleas. C—Mrs Sam Croom. D—Miss Sallie Daniel, Miss Laura Dadury, Miss Susie Dove. F—Mrs Albert Farrior, H—Miss Mary Howard, Miss Rachel Halsey. J—Miss Lizzie Johnson. M—Mrs J W Morrison Miss Susan Martin. P—Mrs Bettie Peaters, Mrs Lula Picket. S—Miss E Smith, Miss Sonlie Smith. V—L R Vincent. W—Miss Senia Whitehead.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Rev C L Archey, Willie Andrews, Walter Alderman. B—Cyrus Berry. C—Z B Carter, O W Childs, J M Connor, Willie Crowell, Mm D Chappell. D—A B Dudley, N C Damon, C C Dunlap. F—A A Fleming, E H Faison. G—J O Guthrie. H—Doane Herring, J W Howe, R F Hurley, Samuel Hayes. B—Wm Henry Bomun. J—J W Jones, R A Jenkins. K—D F King (2). H—Zebby Harrison. L—C W Lucas, R L Livermore, Thos W Long. M—J T Mark, H N McKenna, Archie McKay, James McMillan, S O Middleton. P—W B Pearson, William C Peterson. R—Rev L H Reynolds. T—Doll Turly, Jas R Taylor, R V Turner, T B Tounsend, W J Taplor. W—Allen Wright, James Wheeler, Mr J W Waller, Mr Joe Williams, John Washington, Doctor Williams, Rev A A Williams, J W Walker, W H Wells, J B Webb.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

Annie Bennett, E R Carter, J C Curtis, J M Davis, G Hour, Mrs J M Latham, Hattie Payne, Hockley Reaves, Mrs Jane Stewart, N A Sinclair, E J Tegarden, M J Brown.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Marra Astonis, Signor Gerlando, Joham Wulf, Loder Brinho, Giovann Negovites, (2), Anton Antonson, Manto Sisopo, Frack Francis, Henry Dudson, G F Heeze, O.e Neilson, Luigi Bonifaro, Sophus Jonson, Pasquita Grame, Mac Lea, Esq, Egregin Segmore, Emma Yarburg, Kans A Paacten, Hern F Berkmann, W W Wilson, Romanneli Nicoli.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

BRYAN-WATSON CLUB

Organized at Raleigh—Gov. Carr Presided—W. J. Peele, Leading Populist Lawyer, Says He Will Support Bryan.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, July 10.—A Bryan-Watson Club was organized at the Capitol this evening, at which Governor Carr presided, and all the State officers were present. A resolution, declaring that Bryan's nomination was the best possible that could have been made, was passed.

The organization was made permanent at a larger meeting this evening in Metropolitan Hall. B. C. Beckwith presided. W. J. Peele, a leading Populist lawyer, says he will support Bryan.

Editor Ayer says this is not a Democratic year; he likes Bryan personally but will support the nominee at St. Louis on the 22d. A few gold Democrats say they will bolt Bryan.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m and 8.15 p m. Experience meeting at 10 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 4.00 p m. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend the services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.15 p. m. by the pastor. Class meeting will be held at 3.30 p m. Sunday School at 4 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

At The Unlucky Corner

North Carolina Hams
well cured any size you wish.
A Large Jar of Olives for 25 Cents
Finest Sardines and Potted Meats.
Cudahay's Extract of Beef,
Rob Roy Cigars.
S. W. SANDERS.
jy 11 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Wall Paper,
Wall Paper.

We have the largest and most complete stock of WALL PAPER in the State, which we are offering at greatly reduced prices.

WINDOW SHADES,
all sizes, made to order from the best imported Holland.

Picture Framing.

We make a specialty of picture framing, and make up all sizes from the latest styles of moulding. Fine Pictures, Etchings, Photographs and Engravings.

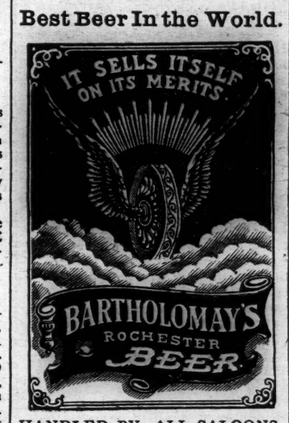
Easels, Screens, Cornice Poles, Picture Nails and Hooks, Room Mouldings, etc.

Remember we buy for CASH from first hands and guarantee bottom prices.

C. W. Yates & Co.,

je 28 tf Wilmington. N. C.

THE CELEBRATED
Bartholomay Brew. Co.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Best Beer In the World.



HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS.
Outside the city solicited.
F. RICHTER, Agent
For Export and Draught.
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20 Per Cent. Discount

FOR CASH ONLY
on all Ladies' and Gentlemen's
TAN.
Lace, Button Shoes and Oxfords.
No Old Stock,
But New Goods
that must be sold to make room for our Fall stock.
Canvass Leggins at 75c.
Light weight Jersey Leggins, Black and Tan, at $1.00.
Geo. R. French & Sons.
jy 7 tf

Dead, Buried and Forgotten

Are the Old Prices, and we will sell you.
20 Bbls Mott's Sweet Cider.
25 Bbls Mott's Apple Vinegar.
25 Gross Axle Grease.
500 Bbls "W. B. C." Flour.
200 Bbls "Magnet" Flour.
400 Bags "Cooper's Best" Meal.
300 Bags Pearl Grits.
To be sold, and sold at prices to suit the times and the stringency of the markets of our country.
W. B. COOPER.
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.
je 28 tf D&W

Pure Cold Arctic Soda.

CALL AT HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY where you can get the best drink of Soda Water in the city, drawn from the handsomest Soda apparatus in N. C. Our Sherbets and Milk Shakes are grand, and we are crowded daily with ladies and gentlemen who pronounce them elegant and far superior to any in the city. We take a special pride in serving first-class drinks, and use only pure fruit juices in making our Syrups Mesina Orange, Cherry Ripe, Fruit Nectar, and dozens of other cold drinks, at
HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY
126 So. Front St.
Phone 55.
ma 24 tf

SOUTHPORT AND CAROLINA BEACH
SCHEDULE.

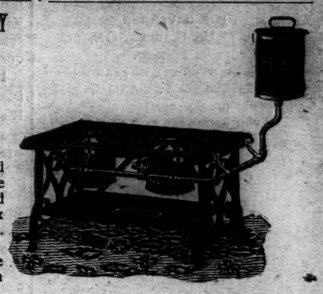


STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	For South port.	For Carolina Beach.			
	A. M.	A M	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
TUESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
WEDNESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
THURSDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
FRIDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SATURDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SUNDAY		....	10 00	3 30	.....

Schedule for return see Black Board at the Beach. Fare to Beach and return 25c. Fare on 5,15 to the Pier and return 15 cents.
ju 7 tf J. W. HARPER.

WE NOW HAVE THE AGENCY
For the above Celebrated
"PURITAN,"
'Blue Flame,"
OIL COOKING STOVES.



Assortment of sizes received this day. Without doubt these are the finest goods of the kind now on the market. Our Buck Stoves are still leading all others. We can state without fear of contradiction there is nothing on the market that can compare with them.
Wm. E. Springer & Co.,
"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. jy 10 tf

I Tried All Others
But Found No Store to Equal It!

Was reported a few days ago by a man from the country. I had a large memorandum to fill, and I found the prices at the One Price Racket Store a good deal cheaper. This is what my family need, and I have only $20.00 to buy it with. The first thing I will be in by buying

9 yards of Shirt Waist Calico, at 4c per yard,	$ 36	dered, at 10c,	30
8 yards of beautiful White Organdie, 38 inches wide, at 12½c,	1 00	1 fine White Straw Hat for self, at	35
2 pairs Ladies' Slippers, Nos. 3 and 4, at 40c	80	2 Caps in Golf style, for boys, at 15c,	20
1 pair men's high cut oiled grain Shoes, perfectly solid, at 80c a pair,	80	1 Suit Clothes made of Blue Flannel,	3 50
1 pair nice Congress Shoes at	90	1 Wash knit for 6-year old boy,	39
1 dozen White Ties for myself,	10	2 pairs Men's Odd Pants, at 45c,	90
1 bow for my daughter, new style, at	25	1 pair nice all wool Sunday Pants,	1 25
1 Child's Tie, all silk,	13	30 yards Dress Gingham, at 4c,	80
5 yards fine Silk for my daughter's Waist, at 20c a yard,	1 25	15 yards 1 yard wide Homespun, at 3c,	45
5 yards Cream Lace, 2 inches wide, at 6c,	30	10 yards Rockingham A Homespun, at 5c,	50
6 pairs fast black Hose, good quality, for 8½c a pair,	50	10 yards nice Checked Homespun, at 3c,	30
1 Summer Coat and Vest for self, house use, fast color	75	1 pair Side Combs for	5
2 fine White Bell Crown Sailor Hats, nicely bound, at 50c,	1 00	1 beautiful large Silver Belt Buckle for	10
1 ladies' nice Trimmed Hat at	98	1 nice black Silk Belt at	15
1 Baby Cap, nice Embroidery, at	25	1 Man's Leather Belt, 3 rings, at	90
6 yards Valencia Lace, 6 inches wide, at 8c,	48	1 heavy top Shirt, full size, at	25
2 Balbriggan Undervest for myself, at 25c,	50	1 Laundered Shirt for myself, at	40
4 ladies' full size Underwear, at 8c,	32	1 good Nickel Watch, stem-winder and setter, at	1 50
4 ladies' full black nicely trimmed, at 10c,	40	1 Shirt Set cuff button and collar button, and 3 shirt studs, at	25
2 pairs heavy Twilled Drawers, at 20c,	40	1 box Swan Down,	5
6 fine white Hemstitched Handkerchiefs,	25	1 quire Writing Paper,	3
16 yards of heavy nice Matting, at 12½c,	2 00	1 pack Envelopes,	3
3 yards of White Apron Lawn, 40 inches, bor-		1 bottle Black Ink,	2

Well this fills my memorandum, and I wish you would add up and see how much it all makes
We put this bill down in total, $25 71

You can see what we sell goods for. We have a large and full store, and we want to do business with you. Come and do as your neighbor did: buy your goods at the One Price; Spot Cash Racket Store, the largest and cheapest store in the State.

You will find us at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.
Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.
WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.
P. S.—20 pieces Linen Goods just received. jy 8 tf

Specials This Week
—AT—
C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s,
Successors to Katz & Polvogt,
No. 9 North Front St.
59c Linens, plain, plaid striped, 45c.
15c Jaconet Lawn and Dimities 12c.
15c Duck, in stripes and fancy weaves, 10c.
Special inducements will be offered this week in our
Ladies' Muslin Underwear Department.
We carry the largest line in the State.
Corset Covers 19c. Tucked Drawers 25c. Gowns 50c. Skirts 50c, &c.
Just received 75 rolls new China and Japanese Matting from 10 to 50c.
Special Bargains on 50c Remnants of Matting.
Those in want of a Carpet for Fall will save 25 per cent. if they purchase this week.
Full assortment of Window Shades, Mosquito Nets, Porch Screens.
20 per cent. discount on our entire stock of Ladies' Shirt Waist this week.
Keywood Baby Carriages $8 to $35.
Full stock of Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs. Ladies' Leather Belts 19c each. 26 inch Gloria Silk Umbrellas $1.25. Full assortment Ladies', Gent's and Children's Hose.
C. W. Polvogt & Co.,
Sole Agent for Butterick Patterns and W. B. Corsets. jy 7 tf

A BIG BREAK IN
Dry Goods,
Commencing Monday Morning, June 29th,
We will offer 15 pieces of Dotted and Striped Fancy Swiss Muslin at 35c, former price 75c.
Twenty-five pieces of Fancy Cotton Plisse at 12½c, former price 18c.
Twenty pieces of Fancy Wool Challie and Swivel Silk at 25c, former prices 40 and 50c.
Five pieces of 45-inch Fancy Flouncing at 75c, former price $1.00.
We have about 25 dozen Ladies' Shirt Waist that will be sold at the following prices:
75 cents quality at 60 cents.
90 cents quality at 70 cents.
$1.00 quality at 80 cents.
$1 35 quality at $1.00.
$1.50 quality at $1.15.
$1.75 quality at $1 35.
A complete stock of Ladies' Fancy Parasols and Umbrellas from $1.00 to $10.00.
Ladies' Vests in a variety of styles from 10c to 75c.
We are headquarters for Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.
ALL MILLINERY GOODS AT COST.
JOHNSON & FORE.
No. 111 Market St.
TELEPHONE CALL 193. je 28 tf

CLOSE FIGURING

Enabled us to lay in a Stock of Hardware, &c., which we are now offering at lowest prices. We are not selling below cost, either. We make a profit—albeit, a small one—on every article, The "Close Figuring" to which we have alluded does the rest. We invite attention to the follwing:
Wire Screens, a certain protection against flies and mosquitoes. Water Coolers. Ice Cream Freezers, all sizes, from one quart up. Hardware specially suited to country buyers. Step Ladders, Howes' Scales, Oil Stoves in great variety. Fishing Tackle and Poles, Rubber Hose, Clothes Wringers, Fine Cutlery, Tinware, Guns and Ammunition. Finest line of Granite and Agate Ware in the State.
J. W. MURCHISON,
Orton Building,
je 19 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

PEACE
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Raleigh, N. C.
Institute.
No superior work done anywhere, North or South. It has now the best faculty it has ever had. The advantages offered in Literature, Languages, Music and Art are unsurpassed.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
ju 25 3m
JAMES DINWIDDIE, M. A.
(University of Virginia) PRINCIPAL.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1896

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.

FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

☞ "You tell us the great cities are in favor of the gold standard. Burn down your great cities and leave your farms, and your cities will grow up again. But destroy our farms and the grass will grow in every city of the Union."—From Wm. J. Bryan's speech before Democratic National Convention.

☞ "I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

☞ "I desire to meet Mr. Russell on the hustings of North Carolina. I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina."—*Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.*

IF SECTIONAL, WHY?

Some of the Eastern gold organs are complaining that the present monetary struggle has become a sectional one. This is not strictly true, although it is partially so. As far as the leaders of the parties goes it is the East against the South and the West, but as far as the masses go there is really no conflict, for while the sentiment for free silver is not so assertive nor so strong among the Eastern as among the Western and Southern masses, there is still a very strong silver sentiment among them, strong enough to be a matter of surprise to the political leaders, who have but recently caught on to its existence. If the press and the political leaders of the East had not been as solidly arrayed against the free silver movement as they have been and are, and the agitation had been carried on there as it has been in the South and West, and the probabilities are that the sentiment for free silver would be quite as strong in that as in other sections, and the indications are that in the near future the sentiment will have gained such a hold in the East that it will cease to be in any sense a sectional question, but will be national in its broadest sense.

But if it be sectional, why is it so? There is no ill feeling between the people of the respective sections. There are high and low tariff men North, South, East and West. On other questions opinions are divided regardless of section, and on some there is practical unanimity, as, for instance, on the Venezuelan and Cuban questions. Only on this money question are the lines even seemingly drawn from a sectional standpoint. But why does the element of sectionalism enter into it? Who is responsible for it? Money is arrogant and dictatorial. That's its history ever since it began to figure in the affairs of men, and it has invariably claimed the right to shape the legislation in which it was or might be interested. Of course it never legislated against itself, and when in doubt it always claimed the benefit of the doubt. The stronger the money power becomes the more arrogant and dictatorial it grows, as it has grown in this country in the past generation. We had but little trouble up to that time, save in the memorable U. S. bank controversy, for the money power was not centered as it has now become, and did not wield a decimal part of the influence in our legislative halls, in the press and in political conventions that it does now. Up to thirty years ago we had no money centers as we have them now. These money centers are located in the East, and under our present monetary system they can control the money of the country and thus control the business of the country. They can do much to make the conditions prosperous and they can precipitate disaster, wreck and ruin as they did in 1893. That's one of the reasons of the sectional form that this money question has assumed.

With the Eastern banks controlling the U. S. bonds and the bulk of the national bank notes, with the State banks legislated out of existence in the interest of these national banks, the South and the West became dependent upon the East for the money they needed to transact business, and when they needed it the most that's when they had to pay the highest tribute to the money manipulators. That's another reason of the sectional turn this question has taken.

It was through the influence of this power that silver was demonetized, the object being to make debts due them payable in gold, and at the same time control the volume of the currency which would proportionately enhance the value of the money they owed. That is another reason of the sectional form this question has taken.

It was through the persuasive influence of this same power that the Bland-Allison coinage law was repealed and for the same reason that silver was demonetized seventeen years before. There is another reason of the sectional form this question has assumed.

It was this same power which procured the repeal of the Sherman law, for the same reason that it secured the demonitization of silver and the repeal of the Bland-Allison law, namely, to keep down the volume of the currency and thus add to the value of the money they own.

It is this same power which is demanding the destruction of the greenbacks for the same reason that it has sought the destruction of silver, namely to contract the volume of the currency and thus make it more absolutely master of the situation. There is another reason why this question has assumed a sectional form.

We might refer to the numerous resolutions sent broadcast by Eastern money organizations demanding the perpetuation of the present monetary system; the active campaign they and their representatives have carried on against silver; the offensive manner in which they were in the habit speaking of the Western and Southern "victims" of the "silver craze," characterizing them as "cranks," repudiators of honest debts, etc., but we have said enough to show why it would not be strange if this question has assumed a sectional form. If it has the Eastern money lenders and their representatives are responsible for it. There was no "sectionalism" while the lemon squeezing operation went on without objection, but when the lemon got tired of being squeezed, then sectionalism developed.

THE PLATFORM.

We made a brief allusion yesterday to the platform recommended by the committee, which was subsequently adopted by the convention, in the form as reported, and is now the platform upon which the Presidential battle will be fought.

Much of this platform, where it speaks of the tariff, popular rights and denunciation of trusts, class favoritism, economy in administering public affairs, condemnation of extravagance, &c., is similar to platforms previously adopted. The striking features, those which have caused the most contest, which have been most warmly espoused by the majority, and as warmly denounced by the minority, and upon which the battle will be waged and victory lost or won, are the declaration for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, the demand that the Government be divorced from the banking business, for the abolition of national banks and the issuing of paper money direct by the Government, and the declaration in favor of an income tax. These are the salient points which have not heretofore been incorporated in platforms and these are the points upon which difference of opinion exists among Democrats and upon which, thus far, it has been impossible for the differing Democrats to agree. But it is a platform that commends itself to the masses, to the masses of the Middle States and the East quite as much as to the masses of the South and the West who did the hardest fighting for it.

On the one side are the people, the toiling, struggling millions, whose condition has been growing worse from year to year, until it has become desperate; on the other corporate power and wealth becoming stronger, more powerful, arrogant and aggressive, which have grown richer as the masses have grown poorer and by virtue of the class-favoring legislation which has contributed to the grinding of the millions for the benefit of the few. Reduced to its essence and stripped of verbiage it is a struggle of the masses for self preservation against the selfish, merciless combinations which have been sucking their substance and fattening on their distress.

The declaration of the platform on these points is both a protest against oppresssion and a cry for relief, which voices not only the masses of Democratic party, but the toiling millions regardless of party or of section. Bryan, the gifted son of Nebraska, eloquently rang the plea and the protest when in the conclusion of his speech he exclaimed: "You shall not press down upon the brow of labor this crown of thorns! You shall not crucify mankind upon a cross of gold?"

Some of the Eastern gold papers call the platform a "populistic" platform. It would have been impossible for that convention to have adopted any platform which they would not pronounce "populistic," for it is thus they have been characterizing the free silver movement from the beginning, the income tax and other features of the platform. But the New York *Journal*, which is a gold standard paper, pertinently suggests that if they substitute the word "popular" for "populistic" they would come nearer the mark. It is popular not only in the sense of appealing to the support of the people, but in voicing the sentiments of the masses, and demanding that they shall have a fair showing in the struggle of life. It is a platform on which every man, regardless of former political alignment, whose heart throbs in sympathy with the toiling millions, can stand, and for which he can fight with enthusiasm.

If we can't win on that platform corporate power is mightier in this country than we are willing to believe.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Eclectic for July presents an excellent list of contents from the leading European reviews and magazines, from the pens of eminent writers. Published by E. R. Pelton, 129 Fifth avenue, New York.

Gunton's Magazine for July, presents a number of articles on political and economic subjects which political and economic student and reader will find interesting and instructive. Published by The Political Sciene Company, Union Square, New York.

The Century for July contains the life of Napoleon, and contains in addition to this and other interesting papers some extracts from a paper by Mme. Campon, a kinswoman of Marshal Ney, giving an account of his execution. This is produced at this time as an answer to denials that Ney was executed, asserting that he died in North Carolina, where he had long followed the calling of a school teacher. We do not think that her account settles the question by any means, and if it does it is quite as much of a mystery who that Rowan schoolmaster was. In addition to these articles there is much interesting reading matter, finely illustrated, in this number.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Until the situation becomes more clearly defined, sound-money Democratie editors will be racked with apprehension lest they should be Republicans without knowing it. —*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— The indications are that Mr. Hanna will need Mr. Platt long before the easy boss will experience any necessity for the syndicate political manager. The work of electing McKinley to the Presidency is not going to be as easy as it looked a few weeks ago.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

—— The currrency war that is to be fought out in the approaching Presidential campaign had to come. Events have boen ripening for the struggle for some time, and the country is probably in as good condition now as it will ever be to try conclusions on the issue. The season of depression through which we have passed has also been a season of economy, of careful investment, and of close sailing in business. These conditions disarm in a great degree the prophets of evil, and minimize the danger of anything like a serious financial disturbance.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Hit It the First Time.—McFadden—W'y can't dese noospaper guys write English? Wot does dis duck mean by callin' de play last night 'decadent?'"
Madden—I dunno wot he means, but I know de play was rotten."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

— No Clothes-line Census—Husband: "How many people are there in the next house back of us?"
Wife—"I don't know; they have their washing done at a laundry."—*Chicago Record.*

— Hoax—What! You buying a bicycle? I thought you detested them.
Joax—So I do, but I've been run over long enough. Now I'm going to have my revenge.—*Philadelphia Record.*

—"Oh, mamma," cried little Frances, "there are two new dear little kittens in a box down in the laundry with the old cat."
"Are there, dear?"
"Yes, mamma, and this year's style of kittens is black, trimmed with white."—*Harper's Bazar.*

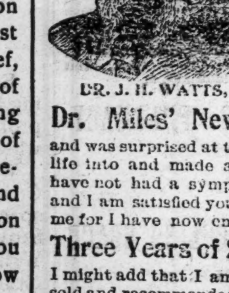
— In Cuba—"The insurgents," said the scout, "have raided the neighboring plantations and carried off large quantities of tobacco."
"Good!" said Gen. Weyler. "Good! Their forces may, in time, be exterminated by smoking cigarettes."—*Puck:*

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.



DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations, severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.
Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Monthly Pains cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.
No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain "One cent a dose."
For sale by all Druggists. Change.
June 15 1y sa tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Wadesboro *Messenger*: Mr. Julius Burns, a well-to-do farmer of Burnsville township, this county, was relieved of about $100 by confidence men in Richmond last week.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: The rains on last Tuesday night did great damage in this section. The streams were very full and lowlands were all submerged, and corn is greatly damaged. The loss in this county from the freshets will amount to thousands of dollars.

— Chatham *Record*: One of the boldest thieves that we have heard of was the negro who recently stole twelve head of cattle near Spout Springs, in Harnett county, and drove them in broad daylight and on the public roads through this county to Greensboro, where he sold them, pocketed the money and escaped before the owners of the cattle could overtake him.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: There met in J. & O. Evans' store Monday morning three men whose ages aggregated 264 years. They were 86, 87 and 91 years old respectively. —— L. Snelgrove, alias R. H. Beaver, was tried before Mayor Cook Monday morning for forging the name of W. H. Carver to a check, and bound over to court in the sum of $100, justified. He failed to give the bond and was locked up in jail.

— Washington *Gazette*: We are pained to chronicle the death of that most excellent Christian woman, Mrs. W. R. Ellis, mother of Mrs. J. L. Winfield. Friday night she seemed to be in good health. About 11 o'clock she told her husband she was dying. He went for a neighbor and when he returned found her standing in the doorway. She threw her arms around him, gave him the keys, told him where to find her burial clothes, then sat on the bed and in a few minutes died.

— Henderson *Gold Leaf*: Strange as it may seem there is dissatisfaction on the part of both Republicans and Populists as a result of fusion in this county. Many of the latter swear they will not support the ticket because of the presence of negroes thereon, while those of the former who are kicking do so on the ground that in dividing the offices they are yielding too much and surrendering what they are justly entitled to and by right should and could have all to themselves.

— Salisbury *Herald:* Warren Coleman, a prominent and wealthy colored citizen of Concord, has set on foot a movement for the erection of a cotton mill at Concord to be operated by colored people, too, are expected to be the main stockholders in the enterprise. About $20,000 have been already subscribed. —— Aleck Noble, colored, aged 14 years, while out hunting near Jerusalem, Davie county, last Wednesday, accidentally shot himself in the breast, from the effects of which he died in a few moments. James Fowler, colored, was also hunting with him and they stopped to pick a few blackberries. Noble's gun was leaning up against his body, both hammers cocked, and when turning to leave a brier he touched the hammer, which caused the accident.

ORIGINAL DESIGNS FOR PRIZES.

The originality displayed in the Gorham Silver designs for Prizes, Trophies, etc., to be contested for in

Summer Sports

is a matter of the most complimentary comment by all interested in such matters. They are not only original, but strikingly appropriate, artistically beautiful, of Sterling quality, and to be had of any first-class jeweler.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores —Jewelers only.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder.

Scotts Hill circuit, Herring's Chapel, July 11, 12.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, July 12.
Southport Station, July 19, 20.
Columbus circuit, Wootens, July 25, 26.
Brunswick circuit, Zion, August 1, 2.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, August 2.
Carver's Creek circuit, Hebron, August 8.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, August 9, 10.
Waccamaw circuit, Lebanon, August 10.
Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August 15, 16.
Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August 22, 23.
Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.
Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September 5, 6.
Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.
Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

July 12—Sunday, 6th after Trinity, M. P., Beaufort, Carteret Co., S. Paul's.
July 12—Sunday, 6th after Trinity, E. P., Beaufort, Carteret Co., S. Clements.
M. P., Morning Prayer. E. P.—Evening Prayer. Com.—Communion. At all Morning Services the Holy Communion. The Vestries will please be ready to meet the Bishop. The children will please be prepared to be Catechized. Offerings for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

— Callers—"Are the ladies at home?"
Bridget (examining their cards)—"Sure, ma'am, it isn't them that lives here—it's the McAdamses."—*Life.*

Only the sufferer knows the misery of dyspepsia, but Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases of this disease. †

CHEESE BOX MAKING.

AN EXTENSIVE INDUSTRY OF WHICH LITTLE IS KNOWN.

Half a Million Dollars' Worth of Cases Turned Out Yearly by Expensive Machinery—How the Logs Are Cooked and Then Cut Into Unbroken Sheets.

An idea of the magnitude of the cheese industry in this country is given by the fact that the boxes in which the cheese is shipped represent a cost of nearly $500,000 annually. It is not many years since cheese was shipped in any kind of barrel or box which would hold from one to half a dozen good sized forms, packed in straw to keep them from being bruised or broken in the handling. It was only factory made cheese that received such protection, while dairy cheese was sent to market destitute of any covering other than its own roughly bandaged rind, which in most cases proved invulnerable. Competition among manufacturers has changed all this, and at present the manufacture of boxes gives employment to a large number of hands and necessitates the use of powerful and expensive machinery.

It was customary in the early days of the business to saw the hoops, as the large body of the box is called, out of the log in planks about one-fifth of an inch in thickness. The waste of material was a most serious objection to this plan, fully 50 per cent of the timber going in sawdust. The invention of the rotary cutting machine has prevented this waste and at the same time produced a better hoop than the sawed article. The chief timber used in making cheesebox hoops is the common swamp elm. No other timber seems to possess the same qualities of lightness, toughness and elasticity so requisite for cheeseboxes as this once despised product of American forests. The logs, after being cut in the proper lengths, generally 5 feet for an ordinary cheesebox of 15½ or 16 inches diameter, are thrown into long vats filled with water, where they are boiled from 12 to 20 hours. The time required to soften the timber, or cook it, as the operation is called, varies according to the size of the timber and the season. Large logs require to be cooked longer than small ones, particularly when the logs are frozen. It is not uncommon to find the center of a log still frozen after 15 hours of boiling.

Experience is the best guide in this part of the business, and to know when the timber is thoroughly cooked and not overdone is one of the things acquired only by constant observation. When sufficiently boiled the logs are lifted in iron grapples from the vats and laid on skids, where the bark is removed. Then a log is lifted by a crane and swung into place in the machine, where it is held in a horizontal position by chucks or dogs that center it at each end.

In this position the log revolves like a roll of paper in a printing press. The knife which does the cutting is very heavy and is bolted to a heavy head called a carriage, which is fed forward by screws toward the revolving log. In the most approved machines the knife has an end or oscillating as well as a forward motion. This reduces the strain on the machine and permits the cutting of soft, unsound and shaky hearted logs. As the knife comes in contact with the timber, the inequalities of the log are first shorn off and gradually the log becomes perfectly round and yields an unbroken sheet of lumber, like the unwinding of a roll of cloth. This sheet of wood is broken off in convenient lengths, which are passed under dividing knives that cut them into uniform widths corresponding with the required depth of the box.

If the boxes are to be made up at once the hoops are bent around iron cylinders to give them the form of the box, after which the bottom is pressed in and nailed in place. Comparatively few boxes are put together in the larger mills. In most cases the product is dried and shipped to the cheese manufacturing centers, where the boxes are completed. The boxes in the finished state are too bulky for economical handling. An ordinary freight car will not contain more than 500 complete boxes, while 5,000 can be carried if shipped in the bale.

The remnants which are not wide enough for hoops are used for the cover band and for the narrow band that goes around the bottom of the box. The boxes vary in size both as regards depth and diameter. The most common size will hold a cheese of from 60 to 65 pounds. Such a box is 10 inches deep and 15½ inches in diameter. This is the size of cheese most in demand for export. The size for home consumption is as a rule much smaller and requires a box from 5 to 6 inches deep, but of the same diameter as the other.

Various kinds of timber are used to form the heads of the box, but elm is the accepted material for the hoops. Owing to peculiarities of the soil, the timber in some localities is inclined to be shaky, the checks or shakes running around the log and following the grain of the timber. Such timber was useless when the hoops were sawed, but in the rotary process much of it can be turned to good account. The bulk of the elm timber used in this business is brought in from Canada.

The western peninsula of Ontario lying north of Lake Erie contained one of the largest tracts of elm timber on the continent. It has been greatly depleted in recent years. Logs are taken out in winter when the swamps are frozen and are skidded near the railways or on the lake shore. The bulk of them are taken to the mills by water in tow of powerful steam tugs.—New York Sun.

They Were Too.

She—Why is Mr. Scherzo so sad when he sings?
He—I suppose he wants to be in sympathy with his audience.—New York Herald.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sooths the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

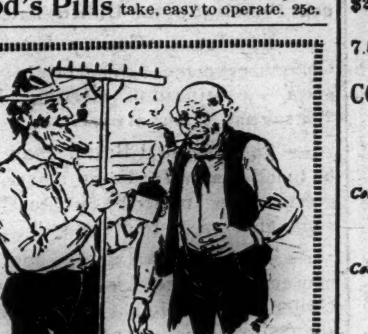
Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.



PREFERRED PICK LEAF.
FARMER—Uncle Rufus, if you cut that wood I'll give you a nice turkey for your Sunday dinner.
UNCLE RUFUS—Thanks, Massa, but I'd ruther hab Pick Leaf; I kin git all the foul I want.

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.
ALL FOR 10 CENTS.
A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.
LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Callouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	5¼
Standard		@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℘ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℘ ℔		@	4½
Shoulders ℘ ℔		@	4¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℘ ℔	23	@	21
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℘ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℘ ℔	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	42½
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle		@	
CANDLES—℘ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℘ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℘ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	14	@	18½
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℘ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	3 00	@	3 00
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℘ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 50
Choice	3 25	@	3 50
Straight	4 10	@	4 25
First Patent		@	4 50
GLUE—℘ ℔—	7½	@	
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White,	42½	@	43½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	35
Oats, from store	32½	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	45
Cow Peas	40	@	
HIDES, ℘ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℘ ℔—			
Northern	6½	@	9
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℘ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℘ M feet—			
Ship Stuff resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " " in bbls		@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" " in bbl's		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls		@	1
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2
PORK, ℘ barrel—			
City Mess	9 00	@	9 50
Rump	8 50	@	9 00
Prime	8 50	@	9 00
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℘ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Granu'd	5⅛	@	5¾
Standard A		@	5½
White Ex. C		@	5⅛
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4⅞
C. Yellow		@	3⅜
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℘ ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY ℘ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℘ ℔—Washed	12	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market nominal. Nothing doing.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 32½ per bbl for Strained and $1 37½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 26@26½c; rosin, strained, $1 17½; good strained $1 22½; tar $1 30; crude turpentine $1 20, 1 70, 2 20.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	151
Rosin	672
Tar	131
Crude Turpentine	37

Receipts same day last year—343 casks spirits turpentine, 671 bbls rosin, 59 bbls tar, 76 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market dull on a basis of 7⅛c for middling.

Same day last year, middling 6¾c.

Receipts—10 bales; same day last year, 00.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2 50 to 3.50; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.
For week ended July 10, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
13	924	2,631	483	253

RECEIPTS.
For week ended July 12, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
13	1,304	3,543	426	286

EXPORTS.
For week ended July 10, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	3	785	429	812	542
Foreign	0	0.0	000	000	000
	3	785	429	812	542

EXPORTS.
For week ended July 12, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	478	1,289	184	591	637
Foreign	000	000	000	000	000
	478	1,289	184	591	637

STOCKS.
Ashore and Afloat, July 10, 1896.

	Ashore.	Afloat	Total.
Cotton	4,615	50	4,665
Spirits	989	386	1,375
Rosin	18,590	176	18,766
Tar	6,411	406	6,817
Crude	347	00	347

STOCKS.
Ashore and Afloat, July 12, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
3,198	3,986	20,515	2,788	995

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 10—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼ for sixty days and 488 for demand. Commercial bills were quoted at 486@486¼. Government bonds were lower; United States coupon fours 108½; United States twos 95 bid. State bonds easier; North Carolina fours 100 bid; North Carolina sixes 120. Railroad bonds were weak.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was steady.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 10—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling gulf 7 11-16c; middling uplands 7 7-16c.

Cotton futures—market closed quiet; July 7 12, August 7 11, September and October 6 55, November 6 50, December 6 52, January 6 56, February 6 60, March 6 64. Sales 97,700 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 234 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 1,003 bales; forwarded 10 bales; sales —— bales; sales to spinners 25 bales; stock (actual) 104 860 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 19 bales; gross 41,687 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,245 bales; to France 10 bales; to the Continent 3 329 bales; forwarded 670 bales; sales 3,431 bales; sales to spinners 247 bales.

Total to day—Net receipts 454 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,750 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 9,800 bales; stock 219,258 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 4,487 bales; exports to Great Britain 8 815 bales; to France 100 bales; to the Continent 8,029 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,144,768 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,129,902 bales; exports to France 462 610 bales; exports to the Continent 1,748,135 bales.

Flour was dull, weak and unsettled; Southern was weak and unchanged; common to fair extra $2 10@2 70; good to choice $2 70@3 00. Wheat—spot dull and easier, closing steady; options opened weak and declined ½@¾c on lower cables, rallied ¼@⅜c, closing steady at ¼@½c under yesterday; No. 2 red July 61¼c; August 61⅝c; September 61¾c; October 62⅝c; December 63⅝c. Corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 32½c at elevator and 33½c afloat; options were dull and steady at ⅛@¼c decline; July 32½c; August —c; September 32⅜c; October 33⅜c; May —c. Oats—spot moderately active and easier; options dull and nominal; July 20¼c; August 19⅜c; September 19⅞c; spot—No 2 20¼@20⅜c; No. 2 white 21½c; mixed Western 20@21½c. Hay—choice firm; light receipts; shipping 62½@67½; good to choice —. Beef quiet and steady; family $8 50@9 00; extra mess $6 00@7 00; beef hams quiet at $14 50@15 00; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $11 00@13 00. Cut meats and demand fair at prices; pickled bellies 4⅝@4¾c; do. shoulders 4⅛@4⅜c; do hams 9¼@10c. Lard quiet and firmer; Western steam $3 95; city $3 30; September $3 99; refined dull; Continent $4 20; South America $4 55; compound $4 00@4 25. Pork steady; old mess $7 75@8 25; new mess $8 50@8 75. Butter quiet and unchanged. Eggs—fancy scarce; State and Pennsylvania 18@13½c; Western fresh 10½@12½; do. per case $1 50@2 25. Cotton seed oil quiet and lower; crude—c; do yellow prime 24½; do. off grade 24c. Rice quiet, steady and unchanged. Molasses quoted quiet and unchanged. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4¾c. Coffee quiet at 5 to 15 down; July $11 70, September $10 75; December $10 05; March $10 00; May $9 95; spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7, $13 00. Sugar—raw firm and quiet; fair refining 2⅜c; centrifugal, 96 test —c; refined in fair demand for softs and steady. Freights to Liverpool firm; grain active; cotton by steam 3-32d; grain by steam 2d.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Cash quotations: Flour easy; prices unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 54⅝@55½c; No. 2 red 56⅛@56½c. Corn—No. 2, 26¼@26⅝c. Oats—No 2, 15¼@15⅝c. Mess pork, per bbl, $6 50@6 55. Lard, per 100 lbs, $3 55@3 57½. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs, $3 45@3 50. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, $3 75@4 00. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs $3 62½@3 75. Whiskey $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—July 55, 55, 54⅛@54⅜, 54⅝; September 56⅛@56¼, 56¼, 55⅛, 55⅜@55⅝c; December 58⅛, 58⅛, 57⅛, 57⅞c, Corn—July 26¼, 26¼, 26⅛, 26¼; September 26⅜, 26⅝@26⅞, 26⅝, 26⅝c; May 29¼, 29¼, 29⅛, 29⅛c. Oats—July 15⅜, 15¼, 15⅜, 15⅛c; September 15¼, 15¼, 15⅜@15¼, 15¼, 15⅜c; May (1897) 17⅞, 18@18¼, 17⅞, 18c. Mess pork—September $6 50, 6 65, 6 50, 6 60; October $6 50, 6 57½, 6 50, 6 52½; January 7 35, $7 42½, 7 35, 7 40. Lard—September $3 60, 3 87½, 3 57½, 3 67½; October $3 70, 3 72½, 3 67½, 3 72½; January $4 00, 4 07½, 4 00, 4 05. Short ribs—September $3 50, 3 60, 3 50, 3 57½; October $3 40, 3 65, 3 60, 3 65; January $3 75, 3 75, 3 65, 3 75.

BALTIMORE, July 10.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and easy; No. 2 red spot and July 59⅝@59⅞c; August 59¾@60c; September 60@60½c; Steamer No. 2 red 57½@57½c; Southern by sample 57@62c; do on grade 58½@61½c. Corn dull; mixed spot 31¾@32c; July 31⅛@31¾c; August 31½@31⅝c; September 31¾c; Steamer mixed 30⅛c; Southern white corn 33@33½c; do yellow 34c. Oats steady; No. 2 white Western 22½@22¾c; No. 2 mixed do 20@20½c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

July 10.—Galveston, quiet at 6 9-16, net receipts 6 bales; Norfolk, dull at 7⅛, net receipts 43 bales; Baltimore, dull at 7⅛, net receipts 142 bales; Boston, quiet at 7 7-16, net receipts 16 bales; Wilmington, dull at 7⅛, net receipts 10 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 7 11-16, net receipts 44 bales; Savannah, steady at 6¾, net receipts 125 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 6¾, net receipts 65 bales; Mobile, nothing doing at 6 11-16, net receipts 2 bales; Memphis, steady at 6 13 16, net receipts 30 bales; Augusta, steady at 7⅛, net receipts 1 bale; Charleston, nominal at 6⅛, net receipts 1 bale.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, July 10—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, good business done and prices unchanged. American middling 4d. Sales 12,000 bales, of which 11,500 were American; speculation and exports 1,000. Receipts 2,200 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened steady and demand moderate. June and July 3 57-64d; July and August 3 55 64d; August and September 3 51 64, 3 50-64@3 51-64d; September and October 3 43 32, 3 42-64@3 43 64d; October and November 3 39 64d; November and December 3 38 64d; December and January 3 38-64d; January and February 3 39 64@3 38-64d; February and March 3 39 64d; March and April 3 40 64d. American middling fair and good middling advanced 1-32d. Other spot grades unchanged. American middling fair 4 15-32d; good middling 4 5-32d; middling 4d; low middling 3 29 32d; good ordinary 3 25 32d; ordinary 3 19 32d. Futures quiet.

Tenders none.

4 P. M.—July 3 57 64d; July and August 3 54-64@3 55 64d bid; August and September 3 49 64@3 50 64d buyer; September and October 3 42 64d buyer; October and November 3 38 64@3 39-64d seller; November and December 3 37 64d bid; December and January 3 37 64d seller; January and February 3 37-64@3 38 64d seller; February and March 3 3 64@3 39-64d seller; March and April 3 39 64@3 40 64d buyer; April and May 3 40-64@3 41-64d buyer. Futures closed quiet.

LIVERPOOL, July 10.—The following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of the week 78,000 bales, American 71,000; trade takings, including forwarded from ships' side, 64,000; actual exports 6,000; total imports 18,000; American 16,000; total stocks 793 000; American 645,000; total afloat 27,000; American 15,000; speculators took 700; exporters took 3 200.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., July 11, 1896.

SCHOONERS.

F T Dickso, 128 tons, Bunker, J T Riley & Co.
Norman, 299 tons, Gray, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
J C Cottingham, 226 tons, Thomas, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Maggie J Chadwick, 272 tons, James, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Jno C Gregory, 360 tons, Andreassen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Bertha H (B), 124 tons, Le Cain, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Elmiranda, 563 tons, Duncan, to master.

BRIGS.

Rocky Glen, 380 tons, Colbeth, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

All the People

Should keep themselves healthy and especial care should be given to this matter at this time. Health depends upon pure, rich blood, for when the blood is impure and impoverished diseases of various kinds are almost certain to result. The one true blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla. By its power to purify and vitalize the blood it has proved itself to be the safeguard of health and the record of remarkable cures effected proves that it has wonderful power over disease. It actually and permanently cures when all other preparations fail to do any good whatever. †

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.
J. D. Croom, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. H. Kinsey, Maxton.
G. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
je 8 1m

For Rent, COTTAGES on CAROLINA BEACH. Apply to
D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
my 19 tf

Castoria

for

Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.



ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S

COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE

IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.



To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

a 25 D&W 1y till July 28 sa tu th

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

The Morning Star.

MAUD MULLER AND TRILBY.

Maud Muller had a Trilby foot,
But she was not a Trilby.
A very different girl was she,
And so her story will be.
Sweet Maud was dressed in tattered gown,
Trilby in "altogether,"
For Trilby posed in studios
And Maud out in the weather.

Poor Maud, ashamed of her bare feet,
Her blushes tried to smother,
While Trilby first put one foot out
And then stuck out the other.
Love came to both of them one day,
Which they both had to smother,
The judge he smiled and rode away,
Billee went with his mother.

Then both these girls were hypnotized,
Poor Maudie by a farmer,
While Trilby fell beneath the spell
Of a satanic charmer.
Poor Maud she sighed, "It might have been!"
But Trilby knew it should not,
So bravely tried to let him go,
And sing although she could not.

Alas, for judge and gifted boy,
The darling little Billee!
Strangers evermore to joy
Their fate they bore quite illy.
The world, too, sighs with secret pain.
And wishes, "Will he, nill he,"
The judge had married rustic Maud
And Trilby Little Billee!
—Jeannette R. Murphy in New York Sun.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.

During my residence at the Villa Medicis—from 1871 to 1874—we were constantly hearing of highway robbery, and even of downright brigandage, out on the Campagna and up in the mountains. Sometimes rumor would bring the marauders to the very gates of the city, and at last the bandits were reported to have ventured into the town itself. The report did not exaggerate the reality.

Happily none of our party fell a victim to these attempts save one, who was stopped in open day by the side of Santa Maria Maggiore, forced back to the wall and "held up" with half a dozen knives gleaming in a semicircle around his throat.

He was relieved of his watch and gave up his purse, but beyond the loss of these articles suffered no injury. The watch he subsequently recovered, and the purse contained only a few francs. Simon Backer always was a lucky dog.

There was at this time, in the mountains near Cervara, a bandit whose activity and audacity had made him a terror to the district for several months past. Emboldened by the smiles with which fortune favored him, he grew daily more daring. He had ventured into Subiaco and carried off prisoners under the walls of Tivoli. The peasants never failed to cross themselves when they spoke of Fontana. He was said to be not more than 20 at most, of a strikingly handsome presence, and to a courage that was indomitable he added the strength of a Hercules.

For nearly half a year this fellow and his band of cutthroats held possession of the Campagna. The attempts made from time to time to take him always came to nothing. Now it would be the royal and now the pontifical gendarmerie that would go after him, but the carbineers seemed never to arrive in time. There was always something to delay their departure or obstruct their march.

The Campagna is a veritable land of Goshen for a brigand who knows his business. Everywhere there are grottoes, caverns, grass grown ruins, abandoned quarries and broad belts of forest, untrodden for generations. A few villages, lost in these solitudes, are united to the outer world by a track which is unworthy the name of road and bound together by footpaths only recognizable by those accustomed to use them.

The child trotting from one to the other with a cheese for the grandmother, or returning with water from the distant fountain, would frequently fall in with the "wolf."

This "wolf" was Fontana disguised. With some cheap trinkets, perhaps a necklace of beads or a silver bracelet, he would entice the child to chatter, wheedling out of her who sold his beasts or disposed of his crop; inquiring if this one had received the bequest expected or that other been paid the legacy left him. And how could the frightened child refuse to answer when the "wolf" suddenly transformed himself into a handsome gentleman, with soft manners and hands filled with pretty things?

In one of these villages lived a man named Beppo Guerra. It was he himself who told me this story. He filled the triple office of notary, apothecary and mayor.

At the close of the winter fairs held in Rome and the neighborhood Guerra had committed the great impudence of bringing back with him a large sum of money—several thousand francs. Fontana got wind of this.

One evening, when everybody in the village was asleep and Beppo was finishing his pipe down stairs, some shots were fired at the door. No warning had been given; no noise had been heard. Before Beppo could recover himself a ball crashed through the window and tore a long splinter from the ceiling joist, the door was burst open, and Fontana entered, followed by several members of his band.

Terrified by the noise, Mme. Guerra rushed to the room to save her husband, and the children ran to seek protection near their mother.

Unmoved by the entreaties of the wife, the ruffians leveled their pistols at the heads of the affrighted family.

"Twenty thousand francs is what we want of you," shouted Fontana. "Come, there's no time to waste. I don't want any blubbering, and I'm not going to listen to any tale pitching. Hand it over quickly. I'll give you five minutes to make up your mind."

Resistance was useless. To call for help was to seek sudden death and bring down vengeance on the heads of little ones. Beppo understood the situation exactly.

"I have not such a sum," said he coldly.

"Then give us what you have. The rest can be sent after you. We shall take you with us as security for payment, but no harm will befall you if your folks don't make fools of themselves and wake up the gentlemen in frogged coats and cock's feathers. When the last sou's paid, you'll be set free."

They rummaged the house, turning the place upside down, but found no more than the 12,000 francs Beppo had given them.

Guerra was immediately bound and gagged, a bandage was placed over his eyes, and they were going to lead him away, when his wife, throwing herself at the feet of the brigand chief, cried in accents of terror and despair:

"Agostino! Agostino!"—it was the Christian name of Fontana—"have mercy. Don't take him away. You know us well. Take the money, but leave us Beppo."

"No, no! Impossible! Go to the devil."

But the poor creature clung to him the tighter, seizing the folds of his cloak with both hands.

"Agostino!" she cried again. "You remember me. Many's the time I played with you when you were little."

"Go to the devil, I say. Make up the sum required and you shall have back your husband. In four days come alone to the spring by the marble quarry and we'll settle the account."

And in less time than it takes to wink, the brigands hurried off Beppo, leaving wife and children overwhelmed with disaster.

To make complaint and set the authorities to work was simply to put a bullet through the head of the prisoner. His wife knew this only too well. She knew also that it would be necessary to meet Fontana on the day appointed, at the place named.

She went alone—that was the condition—carrying with her every penny that she had been able to raise. Her eyes were swollen from want of sleep and reddened by much weeping.

In the vicinity of the quarry all was quiet. Everything about her spoke of peace, of tranquil days and silent nights. Only her own soul was in agitation.

Glancing upward she saw Fontana descending from above with the rapidity of a pebble detached by a pick. He came toward her with a comical air, like a fellow well pleased with himself for having just made a good stroke in a doubtful business.

"Beppo carries himself as high as the cupola of St. Peter's. We play cards together to help pass the time. Have you brought the money?"

"Not the whole of it, but surely this is enough—5,000!"

Fontana frowned under his eyebrows and answered roughly: "No; I said 20,000. Adieu!"

"Wait, wait," cried the poor woman, seeking to detain him. "I have not been able to get more in the time, but I will go at once to Orbatello, and his relatives there will give me what's lacking. The day after tomorrow I shall have it."

"Be it so, then. After tomorrow, here at this place. Thou knowest the rest."

Two days later the wife of Guerra was standing on the same spot, and Fontana, with the same comical air, was counting coins into his hat. The woman had brought with her the complement, and the bandit, having satisfied himself as to the amount, made her a low bow.

"This evening Beppo will return to his family. Allow me to wish you a last adieu."

On reaching his quarters in the mountains Fontana cut the cords which bound his prisoner to a stone of enormous size, threw the money and notes into his hat and shouted abruptly to his comrades:

"Here's the remainder. Beppo is free. Presently four of you will blindfold him and lead him as far as the stone heap beyond the quarry. From there he can find his way home. If any one does him the smallest injury, I shall know how to punish it. Remember, you are all responsible for his safety."

Then, sending the men away, he was left alone with Guerra.

"Listen to me, Beppo. I have always had a friendly feeling for you and yours. If I had only myself to consider, I would never have done this. But I have with me two or three hot headed rascals, who know that you're pretty 'easy' and heard that you had brought back a big sum from the city. It was impossible to hold them off. You don't know these fellows. I cannot always do what I would, but when an affair's been decided on I usually continue to be master. Ah! When I saw your wife—who nursed me and taught me to walk—it gave me a nasty twinge. But if I had yielded we should both have been knocked down and beaten to death where we stood.

"Pardon me, Beppo, and pray accept these few pieces—150 francs. Take them as conscience money. Buy something for the wife and children as a souvenir of Fontana, who begs their forgiveness for the injury he has been forced to do them."

A few hours later, when the bandage was removed from his eyes, Beppo found himself at a spot distant about three kilometers from his own house.

Not a great while after this occurrence the band was dispersed and Fontana himself shot dead in a skirmish with the carbineers.

Such was the terror which he had inspired throughout the district that the authorities, suspecting his death would be doubted by the populace, had the corpse lashed to the back of an ass, and for three days the animal was led through the principal villages in the Campagna.

Beppo Guerra never said what he did with the 150 francs which Fontana desired to have expended in presents for madam and her children. Most probably the wish was respected. Superstition has struck her roots deep in the south. Within two months of Guerra's release Fontana was a dead man, and Beppo would scarcely dare to "cheat" the dead out of his "conscience money."—London Sun.

FURNISH NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS.

The Business Has Grown to Great Proportions In New York.

There is a peculiar industry in Gotham which has grown to astonishing proportions. This is the business of furnishing newspaper clippings to individuals, firms and corporations. There are half a dozen of these concerns in New York, which supply customers not only in the United States, but in all parts of the world. One of these newspaper clipping bureaus received an order from the Hawaiian government to send President Dole all the notices, editorials, cartoons and other published matter regarding Hawaii, its government and its affairs.

Every prominent author, actor, politician and professional man is now a subscriber to one or more of the clipping bureaus, and a busy man finds the system very convenient, for he is enabled, as it were, to read his newspapers by proxy.

The manager of a New York clipping bureau in speaking of the peculiarities of his business said yesterday: "Many of our customers are folks with fads and hobbies. A man sent us an order recently for all items about two headed calves, three legged chickens and other monstrosities. A leading politician ordered 100 Memorial day addresses, from which he could compile a Fourth of July oration which he had engaged to deliver. Society belles are beginning to make scrapbooks of their newspaper notices, and the custom will doubtless become a regular social fad in time. The wives of public men are among the best patrons of the clipping bureaus. About the strangest order we have is that of a dealer in tombstones and monuments. He takes all the death notices."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Martyrs In Theater Boxes.

Speaking of theater boxes and people in them, there's not a sight in all the capital that I admire more than the heroism of the society young man in a box party. Now a box in a Washington theater will hold four persons comfortably, and of these four only two can see what's going on on the stage well.

So far as seeing the play goes, a box seat is the worst in the house. Then the average box party is made up of six or eight full grown men and women, and the women get the front seats, of course, and the men—well, the men take the background and catch rare glimpses of the leading lady's shoulder, and when the chaperon says, "Oh, Mr. Brown, I'm so afraid you're not seeing," they smile and say: "Oh, yes, I am. I can see perfectly."

It's sublime, I say; it's awe inspiring. They actually manage to look as if they were enjoying themselves. It's wonderful what an amount of broken heart and suppressed profanity a starched shirt front can cover anyway.—Washington Post.

The Patient Counted.

One day recently Dr. P——, who had company at dinner, sat quietly chatting in a corner of the drawing room, when he was told that a patient had come to see him who was strongly recommended by some fellow practitioner, and whose card was brought in by the page.

The doctor submitted with a bad grace and stepped into his surgery. The visitor was in an advanced stage of consumption. The bronchial tubes were in a deplorable condition, and the vocal cords nearly worn out. Our physician was in the habit of ascertaining the condition of the patient by asking him to count and generally stopped him at 30 or 35—quite long enough for the purpose. This time also Dr. P—— asked his patient to count.

Time passed on, and the guests began to feel alarmed at their host's protracted absence. One of them opened the surgery door. Dr. P—— had gone to sleep in his armchair, and the patient had counted up to 8,642.—Strand Magazine.

Suffrage In Washington.

The Washington State Equal Suffrage association held its annual meeting at Seattle Jan. 29 and 30. Mrs. Isaacs Savage, the state president and an especially capable and necessarily conservative presiding officer, is proving herself equal to the very critical condition of suffrage affairs in the state of Washington.—Pacific Empire.

She May Set the Pace.

Wyoming may have a woman governor in 1896. Its present state superintendent of instruction, Miss Estelle Reel, is conducting her office with such skill and winning such golden opinions that her name is being seriously considered for the gubernatorial candidacy of next autumn.

An old speech of Henry Clay's has come to light in which, in his own handwriting, the "applause" and "laughter" marks are shown at frequent intervals, the speech having evidently been prepared for publication.

69 Cents

will buy a pair of

Ladies' $1.50 White Slippers, latest style.
Men's $1 50 Patent Leather Oxfords.
Ladies' $1.00 House Slippers, several styles.
Men's $1 25 Patent Seam Scrivan's Drawers.
Ladies' $1.25 Tan Sandals and Oxfords.

35c Ladies' and Children's

Windsor Ties,

ALL SILK 19c.

Men's $3 and $4

Stiff Hats

39 Cents.

Goods at above prices cannot remain long in store, so do not delay. Call and make your selection before all are gone.

Yours for Bargains,

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Fourth Street Bridge.

'Phone 118.
Car Fare Paid on purchase of $2.00 and up.
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Save Paying Doctors' Bills

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of EATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

SENT FREE BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES. BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured By Baco-Curo and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented:

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 28.

Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.—Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No To Bac," "The Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Curo" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind. I could write a quire of paper upon my changed feelings and condition.

Yours respectfully, P. H. MARBURY,
Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per box; three boxes (thirty days' treatment), $2 50, with iron-clad, written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co. La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

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Ship your Wax and Wool to

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.

12 Market Street.

Wilmington, N. C.,

and obtain the highest cash price. Quotations furnished on application.

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The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

Stockholders are Invited

To call and draw their semi-annual dividend now payable.

DEPOSITORS ARE INVITED to call and collect interest on their deposits for last quarter now payable.

EVERY BODY IS INVITED to save up for the proverbial "rainy day" and deposit in the

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

This Bank paid depositors within the past year over seventy-six hundred dollars in interest. Did you get any of that money? If not, begin at once.

Interest not drawn at end of quarter is compounded. je 28 tf

Bowden Lithia Water

From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

CONTAINS MORE LITHIA

Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent

of Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys.

Dr. J B. S. Holmes, ex President Georgia State Medical Association, says: "Have used Bowden Lithia Water extensively in bladder and kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying."

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BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Postal Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

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Highest of High Grades.

Experienced Riders select the Waverley because they have learned to know the difference between a wheel that is actually high grade and one that is simply claimed to be. Some others may be good but the Waverley is the highest of all high grade. Scorcher (3 heights) $85.00. Belle 26 and 28 inch $75.00 and $85.00.

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Ex-Schr. Wm Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

Samples and prices furnished by

WORTH & WORTH,

Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.

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Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5 00. Carriage for funeral, $2 50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

GROVES



TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

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BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

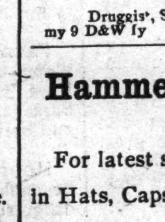
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Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

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are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price, $1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by

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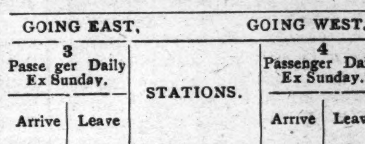
Hamme, The Hatter,

For latest styles and lowest prices in Hats, Caps and Umbrellas.

je 20 tf 26 North Front St.

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 32	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City...	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 p m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 6 30 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 7 15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View 7 30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p m, 10 p. m.

Freight train daily, except Sunday, for freight only. Leave Wilmington 12.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 2.30 p. m.

Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m, 7 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

my 31 tf

Wanted,

EVERYBODY TO CALL AND TRY THE best Whiskey, Wine and Beer in the city. Mixed drinks a specialty. Fine Cigars, &c. French Cafe,

A. P. LEVY, Manager,

my 2 tf 117 Princess street

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *5	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND ‡5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv.....Surry street.....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar..Jacksonville......Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 32
11 58	4 30	Lv..Maysville.........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 20	4 44	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 2	Ar..Newbern..........Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.

Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

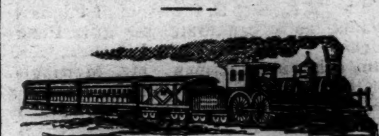
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 23 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 20, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 a m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 55 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m. Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8 20 a m and 4 10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 11 30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a. m. arrive Latta 9.24 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m., Rowland 9 52 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.15 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 40 a m and 9 20 a m, arrive Darlington 9 20 and 9 50 a m, leave Darlington 9 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 11 59 a m Wadesboro 1 30 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2 p m, Cheraw 3 40 p m, Darlington 7.48 a m and 6 05 p m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m and 6 50 p m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floys 7 30 a m, Darlington 8 45 a m, arrive Florence 9 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9 30 a m, arrive Floys 9 50 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m, Sumter 9 30 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 6 30 p m Darlington 8 15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 09 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m. arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.36 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.52 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.27 p m, Selma 12.24 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11 35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 23 a m, Creston 5 21 a m, arrive Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 17 p m, Creston 5 16 p m, Sumter 6 05 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9 15 p m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

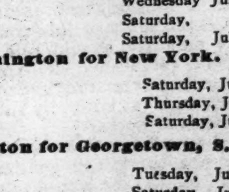
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. je 23 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

PAWNEE,	Wednesday July 8
CROATAN,	Saturday, 11
ONEIDA,	Saturday, July 18

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA,	Saturday, July 11
PAWNEE,	Thursday, July 16
CROATAN,	Saturday, July 18

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA,	Tuesday, July 7
PAWNEE,	Saturday, July 11

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 7 tf

We Are Still

IN BUSINESS at No. 11 South Front street and would be pleased to have you give us a call when in need of our services. Respectfully,

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, Barbers and Hair Dressers.

apr 26 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 12, 1896.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	7 25 a.
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	10 35 a m
4 33 "	Ar ..Fayetteville...Lv	10 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 05 "
3 19 "	Lv.....Sanford......Lv	12 22 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv.......Climax.......Lv	2 25 "
1 03 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv....Stokesdale.....Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv...Walnut Cove...Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 38 "
11 05 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 71 "
9 35 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennetsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 45 a. m.
6 13 "	Lv.......Maxton.....Ar	9 45 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	10 13 "
4 53 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 45 "
4 43 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 59

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv.....Climax......Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv ...Greensboro...Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro........................	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale........................	10 50 "
Arrive Madison........................	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison........................	12 25 p m
Leave Stokesdale........................	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro........................	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

ap 29 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

WEST AND SOUTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No 41		No403
		P. M.		A. M.
Leave Wilmington,	S. A. L.	* 3 20		
Arrive Maxton	"	6 12		
Arrive Hamlet	"	6 55		
Leave Hamlet	"	7 15		* 9 10
Arrive Wadesboro	"	8 01		9 52
Arrive Monroe	"	8 55		10 40
Leave Monroe	"	9 10		10 45
Arrive Charlotte	"	10 20		11 35
				P. M.
Arrive Lincolnton	"			12 55
Arrive Shelby	"			1 50
Arrive Rutherfordton	"			3 00
		A. M		
Leave Hamlet	S. A. L.	† 9 25		
Arrive Osborne	"	9 50		
" Kollock	"	10 25		
" Cheraw	"	10 4		
				P. M.
Leave Cheraw	S. A. L.			† 5 30
" Kollock	"			5 50
" Osborne	"			6 25
Arrive Hamlet	"			6 50
		P. M.		
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L.	* 3 20		
				A. M.
" Monroe	"	9 05		*10 45
Arrive Chester	"	10 32		12 03
				P. M
" Clinton	"	11 58		1 20
	"	A. M.		
" Greenwood	"	1 00		2 33
" Abbeville	"	1 32		2 58
" Elberton	"	2 36		4 00
" Athens	"	3 38		5 1
" Atlanta	"	5 2		6 45
Leave Atlanta	A. & W. P.	5 35		
Ar Montgomery	West of Ala.	10 45		
		P. M.		
Arrive Mobile	E. & N.	4 10		
" New Orleans	"	* 8 20		
		A. M.		P. M.
Arrive Columbia	C. N. & L.	*10 00		* 4 30
		A. M		P. M.
Arrive Augusta	P. R. & W. C.	† 9 35		* 5 05
				P M.
Arrive Macon	M & N.			* 6 40

EAST AND NORTH.

APRIL 5th, 1893.		No 38	No402
			P. M.
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L		* 3 20
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	"		6 55
Leave Hamlet	"	* 8 15	10 35
Arrive Southern Pines	"	9 15	11 21
	"		A. M.
" Raleigh	"	11 26	1 21
		P. M	
" Henderson	"	1 0	2 33
" Weldon	"	* 3 00	* 4 05
		P. M	A. M.
Arrive Portsmouth	S. A. L	* 5 50	* 7 30
" Norfolk	"	6 00	7 50
		P. M	A. M.
Arrive Richmond	A. C. L	* 6 40	* 6 40
" Washington	P. R. R.	11 10	10 45
		A. M	P M
" Baltimore	"	12 49	12 05
" Philadelphia	"	3 45	2 20
" New York	"	* 6 53	* 4 53

Arrive in Wilmington from all points North, East, South and West, 12 50 noon Daily.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Atlanta. Trains 403, 402, 41 and 38.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Portsmouth. Trains 402, 403, 38 and 41.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Washington. Trains 403 and 402 Trains 403 and 402 are "The Atlanta Special"

Pullman Sleepers between Charlotte and Richmond. Trains 402 and 403.

Close connections at Atlanta for New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and the West and Northwest

Close connections at Portsmouth for Washington, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and the East.

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Monday.

For further information apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

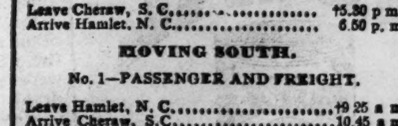
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.

ma 12 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on April 5, 1896.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.......................†5.30 p. m.
Arrive Hamlet, N. C....................... 6.50 p. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.......................†9 25 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.......................10.45 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

ap 14 tf WM. MONCURE, Supt.

The Sampson Democrat,

Published Every Thursday.

L. A. BETHUNE, Editor and Prop'r.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:

One Year $1; Six Months 50c.

It pays business men to advertise in it. Rates and sample copies furnished upon application.

Address

The Sampson Democrat,

feb 16 tf CLINTON, N. C.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1896

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices for Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Blackberries, quart, 2 to 4c; plums, quart, 3 to 7c; huckleberries, North Carolina, quart, 4 to 6c; do; Maryland and Delaware, quart, 4 to 6c; pears, Florida, barrel, 2.00 to 4.00; watermelons, car lots, 125.00 to 250.00; do, hundred, 12.00 to 25.00; muskmelons, basket, 40 to 75c; do, barrel, 50c to 2 50; raspberries, pint, 2 to 2½c; peaches, Georgia, carrier, 75c to 2 25c; do, Maryland and Delaware, crate, 50c to 1.00; do, basket, 40 to 65c; do, South Carolina, carrier, 75c to 2.25; grapes, carrier, 75c to 1.75; do, basket, 15 to 25c; apples, basket, 1.00 to 1.25; do, crate, 60 to 85c; cucumbers, barrel, 40c to 1.00; do, basket, 65 to 75c; egg plant, barrel, 2 00 to 3 00; do, basket, 1.00 to 1.25; onions, New Orleans, bag, 70 to 75c; do, do, barrel, 1.75; do, Eastern Shore, basket, 60 to 65c; do, do, barrel, 1.00 to 1.25; squash, barrel, 30 to 50c; tomatoes, carrier, 25c to 1.00; potatoes, 75c to 1.12; sweet potatoes, 2.00 to 2 50.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

Total Receipts at the Ports—New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Following are the total net receipts at the ports since September 1, 1895: Galveston, 936,734 bales; New Orleans, 1 749 512; Mobile, 205 850; Savannah, 752 819; Charleston, 280 081; Wilmington, 171,067; Norfolk, 333,433; Baltimore, 44 124; New York, 98 439, Boston, 152,939, Newport News, 15 472; Philadelphia, 43 936, West Point, 143 639; Brunswick, 74 340; Port Royal, 75,754; Pensacola, 17 603; Texas City, 54 019. Total, 5 144 768 bales.

The *Sun* says: Cotton declined six to eight points, closing quiet and steady, with sales of 97,900 bales.

To-day's features: Rain in Texas, a comparatively favorable bureau report, and a continuation of the political excitement all had a depressing effect on cotton to-day. Nevertheless the feeling in this country is far from cheerful and the developments of the future are awaited with no slight degree of anxiety.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

September Wheat and Corn Closed Lower—Oats a Shade Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 10.—September wheat opened from 56⅛c to 56⅛@56⅛c; sold between 55⅛@55⅛c, closing at 55⅜@55⅞c—⅜c under yesterday. Cash wheat was easy and ⅛c lower.

Corn was quiet, with no feature or incident of special mention. September opened at 26⅜c; sold between 26⅜@26⅞c and 24⅝c, closing at 26⅜c—⅛c under yesterday. Cash corn was steady, with no change in prices.

September oats closed a shade higher than yesterday. Cash oats were quiet, with about the same range of prices ruling as yesterday.

Provisions were fairly active and quotably steady to firm.

CONCERNING COTTON.

July Returns to the Department of Agriculture Showing Condition of the Crop.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The July returns for cotton to the Department of Agriculture make the average condition of cotton 92.5, against 97.2 in June, a decline of 4.7 points. The condition July 1st, 1895, was 82 3 per cent.

The average for the States are as follows: Virginia, 87; North Carolina, 100; South Carolina, 98; Georgia, 94; Florida, 90; Alabama, 98; Mississippi, 100; Louisiana, 100; Texas, 80; Arkansas, 100; Missouri, 90, Oklahoma and Indian Territory, 97.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1896	1895
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	4,487	5,835
Total receipts to this date..............	5,144,768	7,896,730
Exports for the week	17,544	19,198
Total exports to this date..............	4,403,647	6,580,040
Stock in all United States ports......	219,258	385,058
Stock at all interior towns............	91,022	47,689
American afloat for Stock in Liverpool,..	793,000	1,510,000
Great Britain.....	15,000	35,000

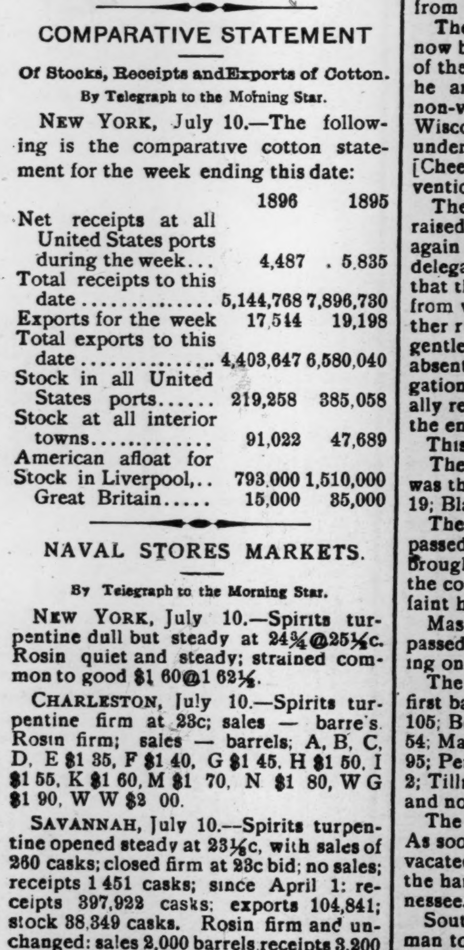
NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 24¾@25⅛c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 60@1 62½.

CHARLESTON, July 10.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23c; sales — barrels. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; A, B, C, D, E $1 35, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 60, M $1 70, N $1 80, W G $1 90, W W $2 00.

SAVANNAH, July 10.—Spirits turpentine opened steady at 23⅛c, with sales of 260 casks; closed firm at 23c bid; no sales; receipts 1 451 casks; since April 1: receipts 397,922 casks; exports 104,841; stock 38,349 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged: sales 2,000 barrels receipts 3,200 barrels; Quotations: A, B, C, D, E F, G $1 50, H $1 55, I $1 60, K $1 65, M $1 70, N $1 75, window glass $1 85; water white $2 00; since April 1: receipts 306,840 barrels; exports 310,577 barrels; stock 130,741 barrels.



A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

WM. JENINGS BRYAN

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Candidate For Vice President Will be Nominated To-day—Details of the Balloting For President — The Final Vote Taken on the Fifth Call of States—North Carolina Voted For Bryan First, Last and All the Time—The Election Made Unanimous.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CONVENTION HALL, CHICAGO, July 10.—The fourth day's session of the Democratic National Convention opened in torrid heat untempered by any of the cooling breezes which had hitherto favored the gathering. There were not a dozen of the New York delegates in their seats when the proceedings opened. Mr. Whitney was there, but Senator Hill was conspicuously absent.

Prayer concluded, the chair immediately recognized Mr. Harrity, of Pennsylvania, who, standing in the main aisle, was greeted with cheers.

HARRITY NOMINATES PATTISON.

He said: "I desire to say that in obedience to the instructions given by the Democratic State Convention, the Pennsylvania delegation presents the name of Robert E. Pattison, of Pennsylvania, as a candidate for the Presidency." The chair asked if there were any other nominations. Mr. Mattingly, of the District of Columbia, from his place in the rear of the hall, seconded the nomination of that peerless champion of free silver, that true Democrat and friend of labor, John R. McLean, of Ohio. Mr. Miller, of Oregon, on behalf of that State, nominated ex-Governor Sylvester Pennoyer.

CALL OF ROLL COMMENCED.

No other names being presented, the call of the roll commenced.

Minnesota brought Adlai Stevenson's name before the convention, but not a solitary cheer greeted it.

New Jersey being reached, the chairman of the delegation rose and said New Jersey respectfully declines to vote, whereupon the galleries broke into cheers and hisses.

The chair requested that such demonstrations cease, and a delegate shouted, "They are all Republicans and ought to be put out."

The State of New York adopted the same course as the State of New Jersey. On being called, ex-Governor R. P. Flower rose and said: "In view of the platform adopted by this convention, I am instructed as a delegate from the State of New York to say that the delegates have agreed not to participate in the selection of candidate for President and Vice President, and therefore they decline to vote."

The chairman of the North Carolina delegation, when that State was called, parodied Mr. Flower's words, saying: "In view of the platform adopted by this convention, I am requested by the delegates from the State of North Carolina to cast 22 votes for Bryan."

There was some curiosity to hear how Ohio would vote. The chairman of the delegation stated that 41 delegates were for McLean, one for Bryan, one not voting, one for Bland, but under the unit rule, he said, Ohio casts its 46 votes "for the man who made this convention possible—John R McLean."

South Carolina caused a surprise when the chairman announced that under instructions of her State convention South Carolina cast 17 votes for "her honored son," Benjamin Tillman—one not voting. [Hisses and cheers]

When the State of Wisconsin was called a contention arose among its delegates, some of the silver men claiming that the unit rule did not govern their action and the gold men (especially Gen. Bragg and Senator Vilas) insisting that it did and that the instructions were printed on the commissions of delegates.

The chairman instructed the secretary to call the Wisconsin delegates, and in response to this call, Gen. Bragg, Senator Vilas and eighteen others declined to vote, while four others voted.

Mr. E. J. Dockery, one of the silver delegates from Wisconsin, mounted the stand and argued that the instructions as read did not authorize delegates to refrain from voting, or authorize a majority of them to prevent a minority from voting.

There had been but four votes cast now by delegates—contrary to the will of the majority—and those four votes, he argued, could not bind the twenty non-voters nor disgrace the State of Wisconsin, while the convention stood under the platform adopted by it. [Cheers from the silver men of the convention.]

The chair ruled on the point of order raised by this discussion. He first read again the instructions of the Wisconsin delegation and said: "The chair rules that these are not instructions to abstain from voting. [Cheers] The chair further rules that when the roll is called gentlemen absent shall be recorded as absent, and that if a majority of the delegation vote, their votes shall be individually recorded, but a minority cannot cast the entire vote of the delegation."

This ruling was received with applause.

The vote of the Wisconsin delegation was then announced—declining to vote, 19; Bland, 4; Blackburn, 1.

The State of Colorado, which had been passed by consent, was called and brought Senator Teller's name before the convention. It was received with faint hisses and very slight applause.

Massachusetts, which had also been passed, brought in Hill's name by casting one vote for him.

The chair announced the result of the first ballot as follows: Bland, 223, Bryan, 105; Boies, 86; Blackburn, 83; McLean, 54; Matthews, 37; Campbell, 2; Pattison, 95; Pennoyer, 5; Russell, 2; Stevenson, 2; Tillman, 17; Teller, 8; Hill, 1; absent and not voting, 185.

The second ballot was begun at 12.35. As soon as it was started Senator White vacated the chair, placing the gavel in the hands of Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee.

South Carolina swung over from Tillman to Bryan, whose gains had begun early in the balloting.

The District of Columbia manifested its capacity for lightning changes by scattering its votes as follows: Three for Bryan, one for Bland, one for Boies and one for McLean.

Before the vote was announced and while it was being footed up, California announced a change of her vote as follows: Bryan, 14; Bland, 2; Matthews, 1; Boies 1—a gain of 7 for Bryan.

The result of the second ballot was announced at 1.13 p. m.

Mr. Marsden, of Louisiana, raised another small scene. He rose to address the chair and several glasses of water were tendered him, some of which he drank and one he threw away. He afterwards mounted the platform amid considerable confusion and said: "I move that it is the sense of this convention that the majority should rule, and the precedent established by Democratic conventions heretofore under the two-thirds rule is a cowardly subterfuge." [Hisses and uproar.]

The presiding officer remarked that while he did not think the gentleman had made any motion, he would so consider it and would announce that the gentleman from Louisiana moved that the two thirds rule be abrogated.

Senator Blanchard said that he was authorized by the Louisiana delegation to say that the motion of the delegate (Mr. Marsden) was not made at its suggestion and to move to lay that motion on the table. At the same time a point of order was made that the motion to abrogate the two-thirds rule must be first considered by the Committee on Rules, and the point of order was sustained by the chair. Thereupon Mr. Marsden, smiling, but discomfited, retired from the platform, saying to the chairman as he left the stand, "You will hear from me later."

The third ballot was then begun. New York, as on the second ballot, remained mute when the name of the State was called, and the clerk repeated the call in his loudest tone, but without result. The result of the third ballot was announced at 1 05 p. m., and a fourth roll-call was immediately ordered and Senator White resumed the chair.

The result of the fourth ballot had only been partially announced when it was interrupted by another intensely dramatic scene. When Bryan's big gain from 215 to 280, heading Bland and all other candidates, was announced, by a pre-arranged plan Bryan banners were raised on the standards of several States and big shouting was indulged in, with a view of stampeding the convention to his support. Nevada, a McLean State, Kansas, a Bland State, Idaho and other States that had previously voted for other candidates, led the movement. They were quickly followed in the order named by New Mexico, California, Nevada, the District of Columbia, Idaho, Minnesota, Washington, West Virginia and Indian Territory, who all raised their standards and joined in the general shout for Bryan. Then a procession was started, the standards of twenty-two States and Territories being borne around the hall amid a perfect tornado of cheering. Then Illinois joined in, and Florida followed. Ohio came in, and a brief spell of silence followed, as the rumor passed around that a deal was on for McLean for the second place.

After fifteen minutes of this hippodrome performance, the fourth ballot was officially announced. Total number of votes cast, 768; necessary to a choice, 512. Bryan received 280.

CHAIR'S CONSTRUCTION OF THE TWO-THIRD'S RULE.

Immediately following the final announcement of the result of the fourth ballot the chairman, Senator White, said that the proceedings had reached a stage where it was necessary for the chair to state its construction of the two thirds rule. A careful examination of records of Democratic conventions left but one decision open to the chair. The noise and confusion in the hall made the chairman pause. 'Oh, gentleman," he remonstrated, "do keep quiet' [Cries of "sit down!" "sit down!"]

The chairman resumed his statement and said that the two thirds rule had been acted on, without objection, ever since its adoption in the Ohio convention of 1852. The rule read that two-thirds of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to nomination for President and Vice President. Therefore, in the opinion of the chair, two-thirds of the votes given would nominate the candidate for President and Vice President of the United States. [Cheers]

FIFTH AND LAST BALLOT.

"Call the roll," he ordered, and the fifth ballot was begun. It soon became evident that Bryan would secure votes sufficient on this ballot to nominate him by the necessary majority. When Kentucky, which was one of the States which did not join in the procession, was reached, Mr. Rhea, who had put Senator Blackburn in nomination, rose and said: "While Kentucky loves her great Democrat, Joe Blackburn, and would be glad to see him elected President of the United States, yet as he served in the Confederate army, they do not seem to want him. [Faint hisses] Therefore, Kentucky takes great pleasure in casting her twenty six votes for the world's greatest orator, W. J. Bryan." [Cheers]

Ohio still stood by McLean. Illinois, which asked to be passed, cast her forty-eight votes for Bryan. This left him with 448 votes, 66 short of the necessary number. Oklahoma changed her six votes from Bland to Bryan, making 454. Then Ohio withdrew the name of McLean and cast 46 votes for Bryan, making his total 500.

BLAND'S NAME WITHDRAWN.

Before the result was announced, but when it was known that Mr. Bryan had received within a few of the necessary number of votes, Gov. Stone, of Missouri, ascended the platform and as soon as order could be obtained he addressed the convention in these words:

"Gentlemen of the convention; Two or three days since, I received this note, which I will now read in your hearing, from Richard Parks Bland: 'I wish it to be understood that I do not desire the nomination unless it is the judgment of the free silver delegates that I would be the stronger candidate. If it shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate who is acceptable to the free coinage delegates of the convention, or one more acceptable to a majority of those delegates than myself, I wish my name, at once, unconditionally, withdrawn from further consideration. I am willing to waive State instructions for me, if need be, and let the free silver delegates decide the whole matter. The cause must be put above the man.' [Applause].

"I came to this great city," continued Governor Stone, "as one of the delegates from Missouri, voicing the sentiment of the Democracy of that State to present for your deliberate consideration the name of that illustrious commoner for whom many of you have expressed a preference by your votes in this convention. To those who have been our friends in this struggle I desire now to return my grateful thanks, but, following the direction of Mr. Bland himself that whenever a majority of the silver delegates expressed their preference for another he desired his name withdrawn, now, in the name of Missouri, I lower the standard under which we have fought throughout this convention and in its place I lift that of the gifted and glorious son of Nebraska. [Loud and long continued cheering] We have chosen a splendid leader, beautiful as Apollo, intellectual beyond comparison, a great orator, a great scholar, but above all, there is beating in his breast a heart that throbs in constant sympathy with the great masses of the people and instinct with the highest sentiments of patriotism. We will not only nominate him, but I believe with as much confidence as I can believe anything in the future, we will elect him by a very large majority in November. And, gentlemen of the convention, we will inaugurate not only a Democratic administration at Washington, but one that will be set down as among the purest and ablest and the most illustrious of American history.

"So, now gentlemen, I withdraw the name of Richard Parks Bland and cast the thirty-four votes of the State of Missouri for William J. Bryan."

Gov. Stone was listened to with a silence such as no other orator had been honored with except Mr. Bryan himself, and at the close of his effective little speech he was loudly cheered.

Judge Van Wagenen, of Iowa, was next recognized. He said the Iowa delegation bore to Chicago with them from Gov. Boies, a message saying that he had only the success of the party at heart; that he would not be disappointed if he was not nominated, but he would be disappointed if success did not come in November. In case the delegation found when they arrived at Chicago, that some other candidate had more votes than he, then his name was to be withdrawn. Acting under these instructions, he formally withdrew the name of Horace Boies from the convention and cast the 26 votes of Iowa for W. J. Bryan. Senator Jones stood on his chair to announce that Arkansas changed her vote of 16 from Bland to Bryan.

Montana changed her six votes from Bland to the winner, the chairman declaring that it was the intention of his State to stick to Bland from first to last and they had done their duty.

Senator Turpie, of Indiana, mounted the platform and said, amid great noise and confusion, that he was now authorized to withdraw the name of Gov. Matthews and to cast the vote of Indiana for William J. Bryan of Nebraska. [Cheers.]

BRYAN'S NOMINATION MADE UNANIMOUS.

"In view of the unity which should prevail in the convention," said Mr. Turpie, "I move that the nomination of W. J. Bryan be made unanimous." [Cheers.]

After the vote of Texas had been shifted to Mr. Bryan, the chairman put the question on Senator Turpie's motion to make the nomination unanimous and declared it carried—only a few votes in the negative coming from the Pennsylvania delegation.

When the announcement was made all order was cast to the winds. The delegates and the audience began to cheer and to wave hats and flags and banners, while the march around the sections was again taken up—all the State emblems being this time carried in the procession. A band of music entered the hall from the vestibule and marched at the head of the procession playing "Marching through Georgia," and other popular airs, in the chorus of which many of those present joined. "Dixie," which the band also played, had the usual effect of heightening the enthusiasm, and was cheered and cheered again.

At 3 45 p. m. the sergeant at-arms, in behalf of the chairman, succeeded in getting a hearing so far as to be able to announce that the convention stood in recess till 8 p. m.

EVENING SESSION.

The proceedings of the evening were opened a few minutes before 9 p. m., when Senator White, the chairman, called the convention to order. At that time ex Governor Flower and a fair proportion of the New York delegation were occupying seats in their section. Senator Hill and Mr. William C. Whitney left the city in the afternoon. Most of the New Jersey delegates were also present. The fact that both these State delegations had declined to participate in the balloting for the Presidential candidate made their presence to night a matter of remark. The chairman announced that after the nomination for Vice President should be made (whenever that might be) the committee on notification would at once meet in the room of the Committee on Resolutions. He then stated that Gen. Bragg, of Wisconsin desired to make some remarks and he accordingly introduced the general to the convention.

AN AMUSING EPISODE.

Gen. Bragg said: "I rise, Mr. Chairman, on a question of State privilege. When the delegation of Wisconsin was to-day engaged in private consultation as to what should be done by it in the future, some gentleman (I suppose he was a gentleman; in fact I know him to be such) stole the colors of our State and passed them as the representation of my delegation and of my State into the trail of the victor, for whom we had refused to cast our vote. I make this statement, not in order to cast a reflection upon anybody, but simply to place the State which I represent as its chairman right, so that the record will show that we trailed not the Wisconsin badge behind the votes of the majority of this convention." [Cheers.]

Mr. Dockery attempted to take the stand to answer Gen Bragg's remarks, and as the two Wisconsin antagonists confronted each other Gen. Bragg shook his finger in Mr. Dockery's face and said: "If you make any personal remarks about me you will suffer for it."

The chair remarked that whatever spirit may exist between the gentlemen from Wisconsin ought not to enter into a National Convention. He was satisfied that the gentlemen in the end would be found supporting the ticket, and he refused to recognize Mr. Dockery for the purpose of addressing the convention. Mr Dockery then left the stand and this ended the incident.

MOTION FOR ADJOURNMENT.

Gov. Stone, of Missouri, was next recognized to move an adjournment. He said the work thus far done had been, in his judgment, well done, but they had yet to name an associate for the great leader on the ticket. He believed this was an important work which should not be hastily or inconsiderately performed. It should on the contrary be performed in the most mature and deliberate manner possible and to the end that the delegations might have the opportunity to confer with each other and arrive at a conclusion which would in the end strengthen the ticket, in order that no mistake might be made, he moved that the convention do now adjourn until 12 o'clock to-morrow. The galleries, which were densely packed and which to a greater extent than last night undertook to take charge of the proceedings, here interposed a large chorus of noes. Mr. Henry, of Mississippi, moved to make the hour 10 o'clock. Gov. Stone accepted the amendment. Mr Rhea, of Kentucky, made the point of order that the motion had not been seconded, but the chair, disregarding the point, ordered the secretary to call the roll.

The clerk went on with the roll call and did not always wait for a reply, but set down the State as voting aye, and in this way the result was arrived at and was announced as carried in the affirmative. The chairman then stated, at 9 30 p. m., that the convention was adjourned till 10 a. m to-morrow.

William Jennings Bryan, the nominee of to-day's convention, heard the news at his rooms in the Clifton House and received it without any apparent show of feeling. In his private room Mr. Bryan received the representative of the Southern Associated Press and several other newspaper men in addition to a number of artists who caught the candidate while giving to the press his statement as the candidate of his party. That statement is as follows; "This is not a sudden resolution on my part. I have had it in mind ever since my nomination has been considered by my friends as a possibility. I believe it is a good principle for me to follow and I shall live up to it. The Presidency is the highest honor that can be bestowed upon any human being by his country, and the power placed in the hands of the President of the United States is so great that there should be no temptation thrown in his way to cause him to use it for his personal advancement. I desire to express my deep appreciation of the kindness shown to me by other candidates. My nomination is due to the peculiar circumstances which surround this campaign and not to any superior merit. In fact, had the convention considered who was most deserving the lot would have fallen upon another. I so highly appreciate the responsibility imposed by this nomination that I have avoided making any promise or pledges to any persons."

Mr. Bryan did not feel called upon to say anything with regard to the platform. He was a member of the committee that constructed it, and his ideas of what should be enunciated therein are prominent throughout the platform. While not formally commenting upon the platform in the above interview it can be stated with accuracy that Mr. Bryan, as the candidate of his party, agrees with every plank and will be its exponent during the coming campaign and will adopt it as his rule of conduct should he be elected.

Mr. Bryan has no plans for the immediate future. He will remain in Chicago until after the meeting of the new National Committee, which will probably take place to-morrow. In the course of a few days he will return to Lincoln, his home.

Mr. Bryan is about the medium in height. His face is cleanly shaven, and in appearance he resembles the great Pennsylvania commoner, Samuel J. Randall, who, at Mr. Bryan's age, might readily have passed for the latter's twin brother. He is a strict church man, and on several occasions during his residence in this city addressed the Young Men's Christian Association and other religious bodies. He is earnest and enthusiastic in whatever cause enlists his sympathies and it is not doubted that his personality will largely influence the approaching campaign.

Mr. Bryan's family consists of his wife, two daughters—Ruth, aged eleven, and Grace, aged five—and a son, Wm. J., Jr., aged six. Mr. Bryan's father was Silas S. Bryan, born in Culpepper county, Virginia. He was a Democrat. He went to Illinois when 18 years of age, settled at Salem and graduated at McKendree College as a lawyer.

CONVENTION INCIDENTS.

Mrs. Bryan Congratulated Upon the Nomination of Her Husband—Says She Will Do All She Can to Elect Him—How Bryan Received the News of His Nomination—Sibley of Pennsylvania Declines the Offer of Nomination for the Vice Presidency.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CONVENTION HALL, July 10.—Mrs Bryan, wife of the nominee, who is a small, modest looking woman, had a seat in the gallery to the left of the speaker's stand. When it was positively known that her husband had been named for the Presidency she was surrounded by admiring friends and heartily congratulated. She thanked each one pleasantly and throughout maintained a quiet demeanor that impressed those about her. To a representative of the Southern Associated Press she said: "I think my husband will try to deserve the great honor these men have conferred upon him. I appreciate it, I assure you. If his wife's aid is of value in the endeavor to elect him he will have all possible assistance from me."

Mr. Bryan received the news of his nomination in his own room at the Clifton House. He was not at all excited over his nomination and after responding pleasantly to congratulations he proceeded to the barber shop to get shaved. The Southern Associated Press representative found him with his face covered with lather and unable for the moment to speak. When the barber was through with him, he immediately shook hands with the reporter and said that all he wished to say was that 'In order that I may have no ambition but to discharge faithfully the duties of the office, I desire to announce that if I should, under no circumstances would I be a candidate for re-election."

HILL OF GEORGIA STARTED BRYAN'S BOOM.

The intensity of the demonstration in behalf of W. J. Bryan in the convention yesterday afternoon was largely due to the efforts of J. T. Hill, of Cordale, Ga., the youngest delegate on the floor. Mr. Hill was one of the three who seized Mr. Bryan and carried him to his seat. When the ovation to the Nebraskan was at its height Mr. Hill went around among the members of the Georgia delegation talking for Bryan and it is said that it was largely through his efforts that the Georgians declared for the young-looking orator. It was Mr. Hill who secured the services of Hal T. Lewis, of Georgia, to place Mr. Bryan in nomination, and altogether he appeared to be the most active manager of the Bryan boom. Mr. Hill is only 21 years of age and has aspirations to Congress.

When the nomination of Bryan became an assured fact this afternoon, representatives of various delegations called upon Hon. Jos. C. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, and offered their support for the nomination of Vice President, assuring him that if he would consent to accept the position, there would be no contest against him. "But I told them," said Mr. Sibley, "that I felt I could not do the same good for the service at the foot of the ticket as at the head or as a private in the ranks, and declined to let my name be used." Mr. Sibley left for home on an evening train.

THE TRADE SITUATION.

A Waiting Market With Some Feeling of Insecurity—Large Sales of Print Cloths.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 10—R. G. Dun & Co. will to-morrow in their weekly review of trade;

Failures of the week have been 215 in the United States, against 258 last year and 39 in Canada against 35 last year.

Wall street exhibited no excitement, though stocks were weaker on Thursday and closed lower for the week, 25c. per share for rails, but trusts rose 18 points. Nor were there signs of alarm in the speculative markets or monetary circles But in stocks and in other business the week was one of waiting, with a somewhat prevalent feeling of insecurity.

Serious apprehension regarding injury by drought to cotton in Texas seemed justified by some dispatches published last week, so that telegraphic advice of somewhat general rain in the State is welcome. Whether it is in season or sufficient to insure a satisfactory yield cannot be definitely known, nor the extent of injury said to have been done by excessive rains in some Atlantic States. But with the large increase of acreage, a yield of at least fair proportion seems to be probable, and in view of heavy stocks carried in mills and markets here and abroad, mills closing quite extensively to permit lightening of accumulated stocks of goods, a large yield could hardly prove most beneficial to the producers.

Large sales of print cloths are quoted at 2⅛ cents, slightly above the bottom prices, but other goods have not yet been strengthened. Nor have woollen goods improved, but the tone is rather less hopeful and the demand for goods is even more slack than was expected.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Louisville—Philadelphia 8, Louisville 10.

Chicago—Chicago 11, New York 5.

St. Louis—St. Louis 12, Boston 11.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati 9. Washington 6. Second game—Cincinnati 12, Washington 4.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 2, Brooklyn 4.

Cleveland—Cleveland 12, Baltimore 0.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth 2, Roanoke 7. Second game—Portsmouth 8, Roanoke 3.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

WARM WIRELETS.

Hon. Frank H. Hurd, ex-Congressman, lawyer and one of the most prominent Democrats in Ohio, died in Toledo, Ohio, yesterday, after an illness of five days. The immediate cause of death was apoplexy.

The Treasury gold reserve yesterday fell below the $100,000 000 limit for the first time since February 20th, 1896. The loss of gold during the day amounted to $934,700, leaving the reserve at the close of business $99,171,518.

FEED THE NERVES upon pure, rich blood and you will not be nervous. Pure blood comes by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla which is thus the greatest and best nerve tonic.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists: 25c. †

THE VICE PRESIDENCY.

A Caucus Last Night in Which Nearly Every State Was Represented—No Decision Reached — Candidates From the South and East Considered Unavailable.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 10.—A conference on the Vice Presidential nomination was held in Parlor K. of the Sherman House late to-night. Senator Jones, Senator White and others of the steering committee issued the invitations for the meeting and nearly every State except the gold States were represented. Gov. Stone, of Missouri, Gov. Altgeld, of Illinois, Senator Daniel, of Virginia, and other prominent leaders were present. It was nearly 11 o'clock before the meeting got under way. The door was carefully guarded and little leaked out as to the deliberations within. The relative strength of each man was considered and a message was sent over to Mr. Bryan to learn his position in regard to the men most talked of. The conference remained in session long after midnight. At 12 30 a. m. no decision had been reached as to who should be placed in nomination. The consensus of opinion was that candidates from the South and from States east of the Alleghanies were unavailable. This practically killed the chances of Sibley, of Pennsylvania, and National Committeemen Sewell, of Maine, George Fred Williams of Massachusetts, and the several candidates from the South. The split in the Ohio delegation which was divided between John R. McLean and Allen W. Thurman made it unlikely that either of these candidates would be selected.

Gov. Matthews, of Indiana, seemed to stand the test of criticism better than most of the other candidates. Gov. Altgeld discussed the qualifications of ex Congressman Fithian, of Illinois, and C K. Ladd and, J. R Williams, of the same State.

Among the Democratic newspapers so far heard from as repudiating the Chicago platform are the New York *Sun* and *Times* Brooklyn *Eagle*, Philadelphia *Record*, Buffalo *Courier*, Chicago *States Zeitung* and Louisville *Post*. The New York *Herald* also denounces the platform.

U. S. Commissioner Craig declined to commit John D. Hart, the reputed head of the Hart Steamship line, on the charge of aiding in a recent Cuban filibustering expedition from Jacksonville, Fla., on the steamer Laurada. The commissioner decided that no case had been made out against the accused.

At Calford, England, yesterday, John S. Johnson, the American cyclist, rode a half mile, with a flying start, in 49 4 5 seconds and a half mile with a standing start in 54 2-5 seconds.

IN THE RUINS OF POMPEII.

Evidences of the Commonness of Slavery Found on All Sides.

Evidences of the commonness of slavery in the time of Pompeii's destruction are abundant on all sides. The gladiators were a class of slaves trained for fighting, and some of the wall scribblings refer to their condition as one of slavery. Here is the translation of an advertisement painted on a wall near the amphitheater:

"Twenty pairs of gladiators, paid by Decimus Lucretius Saltius Valeus, prince in the time of Nero, the son of Cæsar Augustus, and ten pairs of gladiators, paid by Decimus Lucretius, the son of Decimus Valeus, will fight at Pompeii on the 11th, 13th and 14th of April.

"There will be a proper hunting scene and the awnings will be spread. Written by Clev-Emilius Clev, writer of inscriptions; wrote this by moonlight."

The gladiators' barracks were ample for the housing of 2,000 or 3,000 men, and it is a matter of record that at least 2,000 were engaged at one time in the life or death combats which stretched over a long festival. The actors in these murderous sports were "barbarians" from various parts of Europe or from Asia Minor and Africa.

In the Naples museum is a bronze collar which was worn about the neck of a man whose skeleton was found in a Pompeiian house cellar; on the collar is engraved, in Latin, these words: "I am a slave. Arrest me because I am running away." I could not help thinking while looking at this ingenious and cruel substitute for a convict's dress that it was possible that the poor wretch who wore it may have been one of the descendants of the blond haired Britons brought home by Julius Cæsar to grace his triumph 100 years before Pompeii disappeared beneath its pall of lava and ashes.

In the Gheezeh museum, Cairo, one may look upon the black and shriveled face of that Rameses whom we know as the Pharaoh of the Oppression. Mummies of other Egyptian kings, priests and people are common enough. These primeval men, who far antedated Pompeii and Rome, stand undecayed in our presence. But Pompeii presents the picture of an entire city resurrected from the dead, with all its appliances of life and means of pleasure, profit, comfort, luxury, vice and sustenance. The life is gone out forever, but the mummified city remains—a monument of human ingenuity and human frailty.—New York Times.

Caseneuve's Rival.

Although the French courts are conducted with more ceremony than our own, they are occasionally enlivened by amusing incidents.

Maitre Caseneuve, a famous advocate of Toulouse, now dead, had a pet dog, of which he was very fond. One day he ventured to take this dog, which was small, and named Azor, into court with him. He seated Azor at one end of the bench assigned to the counsel and began an argument.

Maitre Caseneuve had a high pitched voice, and as he warmed up with his plea he raised it to a loud tone. Azor could stand it no longer. He stood up on the bench and howled—wow! wow! wow!

Maitre Caseneuve moderated his voice and cuffed the dog "aside," whereupon Azor subsided into silence. The lawyer argued on, and by and by, forgetting himself in his earnestness, raised his voice once more to a high pitch and a loud tone.

"Wow! wow! wow!" howled the little dog once more.

This time the lawyer stopped short, turned to the dog and eyed him severely.

"See here, Azor," he said aloud, "this can't go on. If you are arguing this case, you'd better do it alone, but if I am then you've got to keep still!"

After that Azor held his peace.—Youth's Companion.

That Finished Him.

He—Why was Solomon the wisest man?

She—Because he had so many wives to advise him.—London Tit-Bits.

The East river, North river and South river, at New York, were named by the Dutch.

Marocco has always been the "land of the Moors."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

American Guns.

There was a time when foreign made shotguns — English especially—could outshoot, outkill and outlast anything that American gunmakers put together, but now the Yankees are making as good guns and as cheap as anybody in the world, and they are improving their opportunities in a way that makes foreigners do anything but smile.

An American Field correspondent says: "If you want a gun, buy an American made one, and you will get a good shooting gun, and a gun just as good in material and finish. Everybody talked foreign made guns to me, and I got one. I sold it and had a 'pump' gun made by a big American firm, and I can do just as good shooting with it as with any gun in Europe."

That is about the way most of the writers on shotguns write to American sportsmen's papers, and it is noticeable that American made guns are often mentioned in tales of bird shooting appearing in European papers for sportsmen.

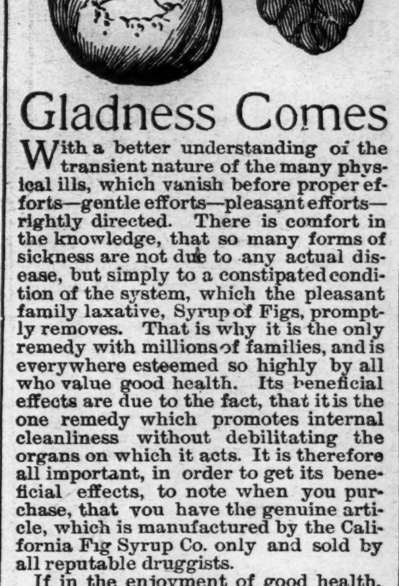
Napoleon's Ink Wiper.

Napoleon was a hero to his valet, Constant, though he sadly marred the servant's effort to dress him neatly. Says the valet:

His breeches were always of white cashmere. But two hours after leaving his chamber it often happened that they were all spotted with ink, thanks to his habit of wiping his pen on them and shaking ink all around him by striking his pen against the table.

However, as he dressed in the morning for the whole day he did not change his toilet on that account, but remained in this state until night.

The whole inside of his boots was lined with white fustian. Whenever one of his legs itched, he rubbed it with the heel of the boot or shoe with which the other leg was shod, thus heightening the effect of the spilled ink.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries. Watermelons an Cantalopes received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 217½ North Front street. jy 11 tf

Wanted—A building lot north of Princess street. Also a good investment for $1,300. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent. jy 8 tf

Hot Weather Photographs. That means you have to sit only one second for your Photographs during this hot weather. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. ju 28 tf

For the best and most complete line of Grocerie at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store, No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 115½ Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and becoming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully,

J. B. MERCER.

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Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. jy 8 tf

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